

The background of the slide is a grayscale, low-angle photograph of a city skyline. Several tall skyscrapers with grid-like window patterns are visible, reaching towards the top of the frame. The perspective is looking up, creating a sense of height and urban density.

ROBERTSON STEPHENS®

Live Market Update

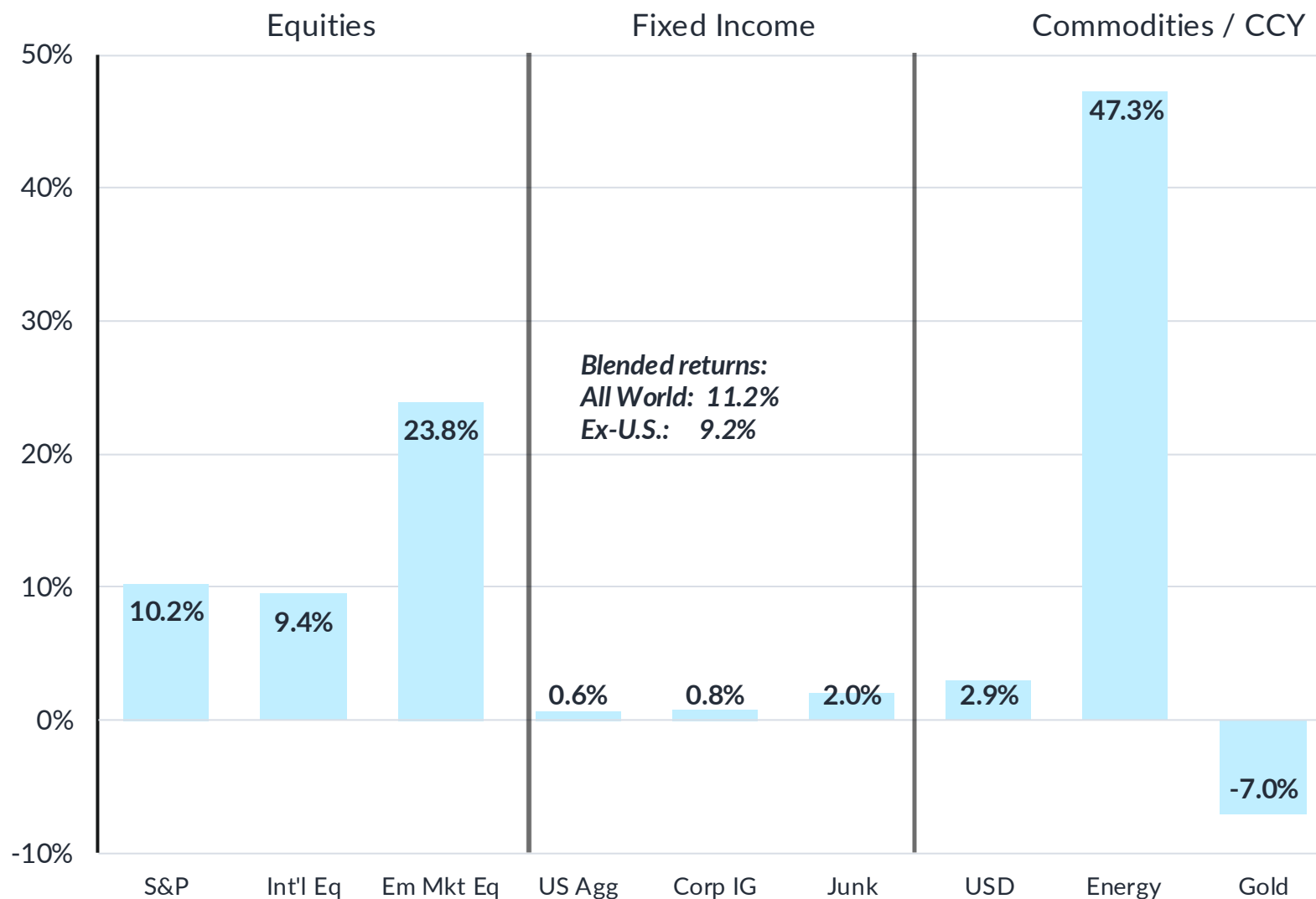
July 10th, 2026

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4. AI Snapshot
5. Current Happenings
6. RS Boston

Markets Returns

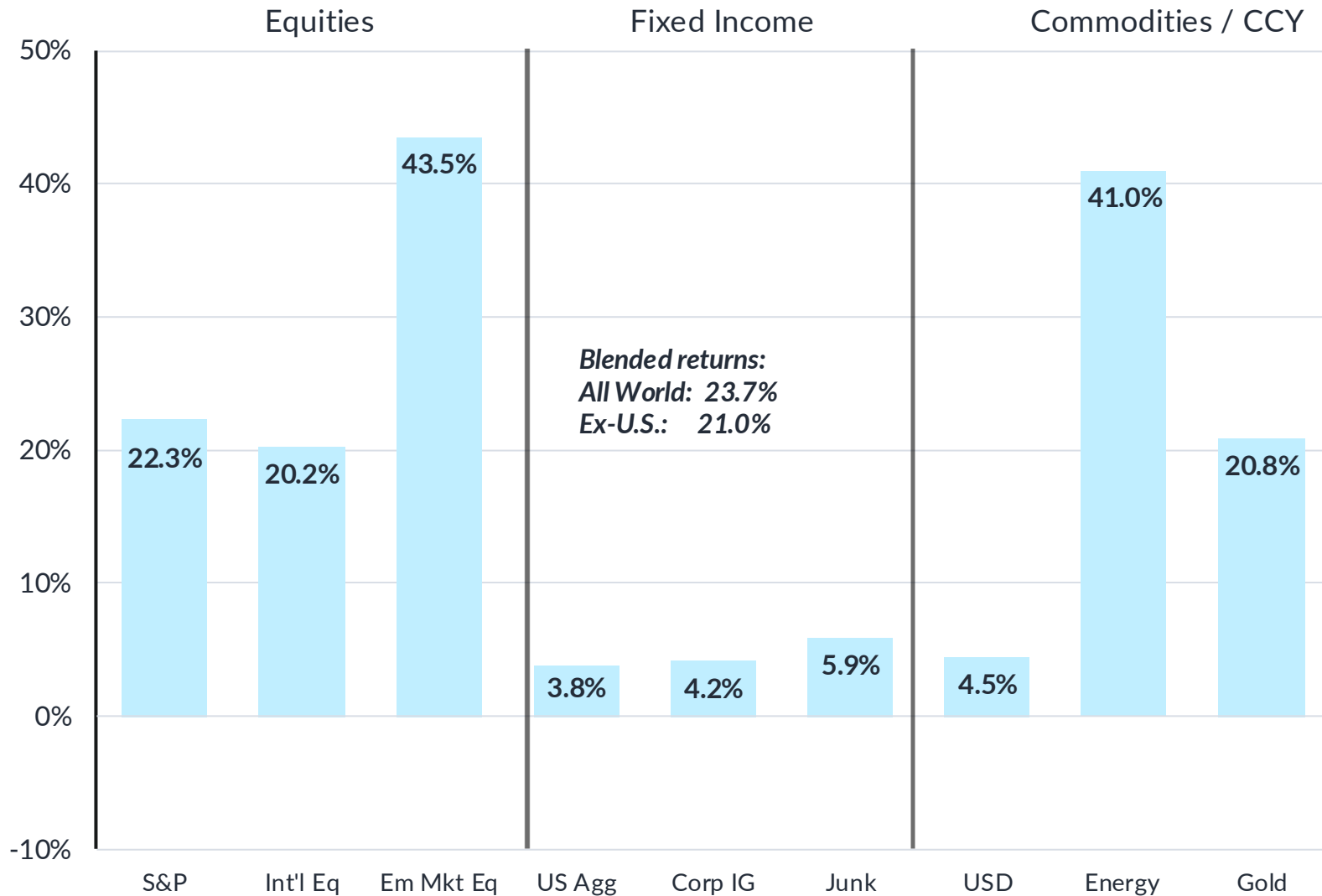
Global Asset Class: YTD Returns



Source: Bloomberg Finance, showing total return across asset classes, December 31st 2025 to June 30th 2026.

Global Asset Class: Trailing 12 Months Returns

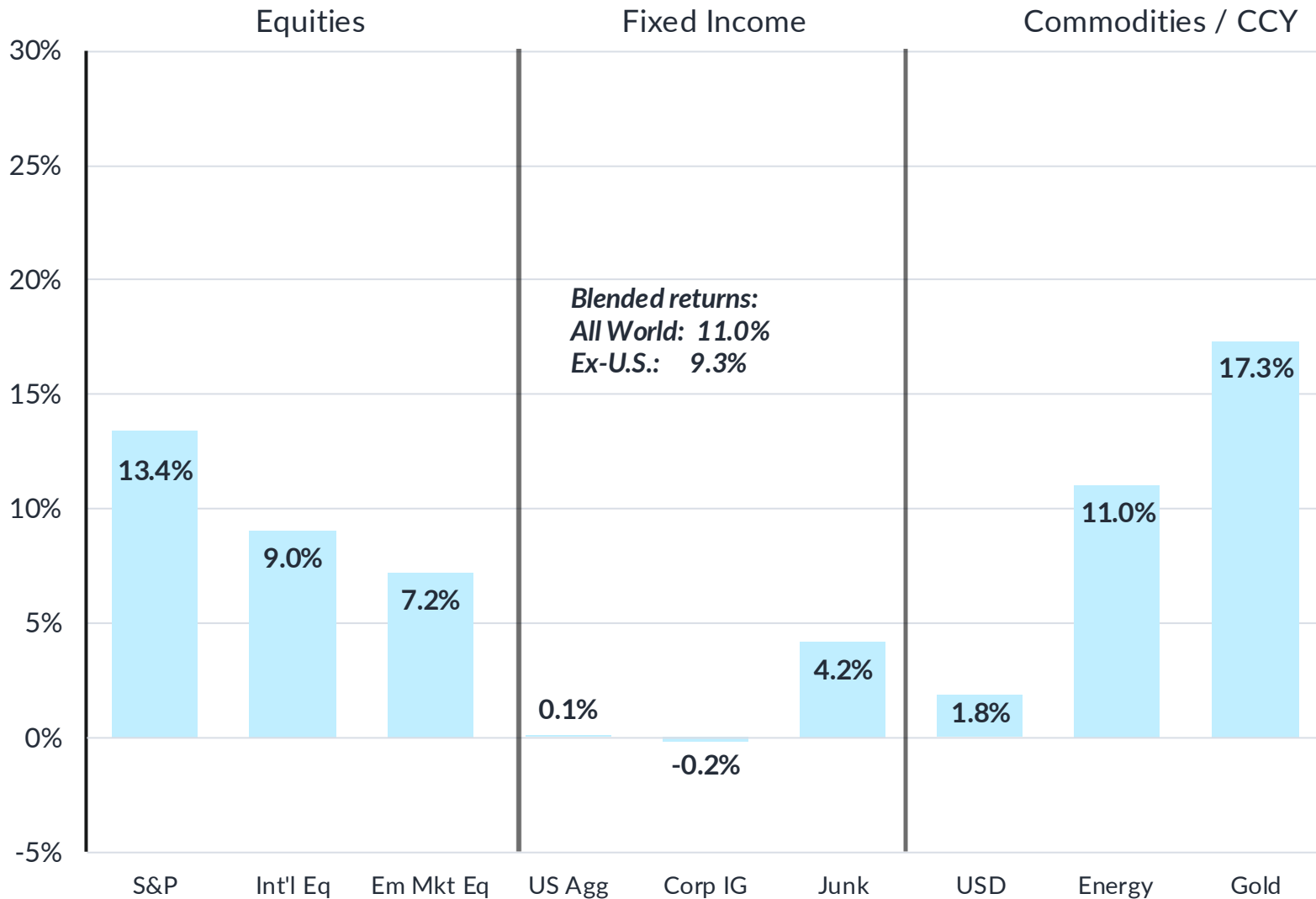
RS



Source: Bloomberg Finance, showing total return across asset classes, June 30th 2025 to June 30th 2026.

Global Asset Class: 5 Year Annualized Returns

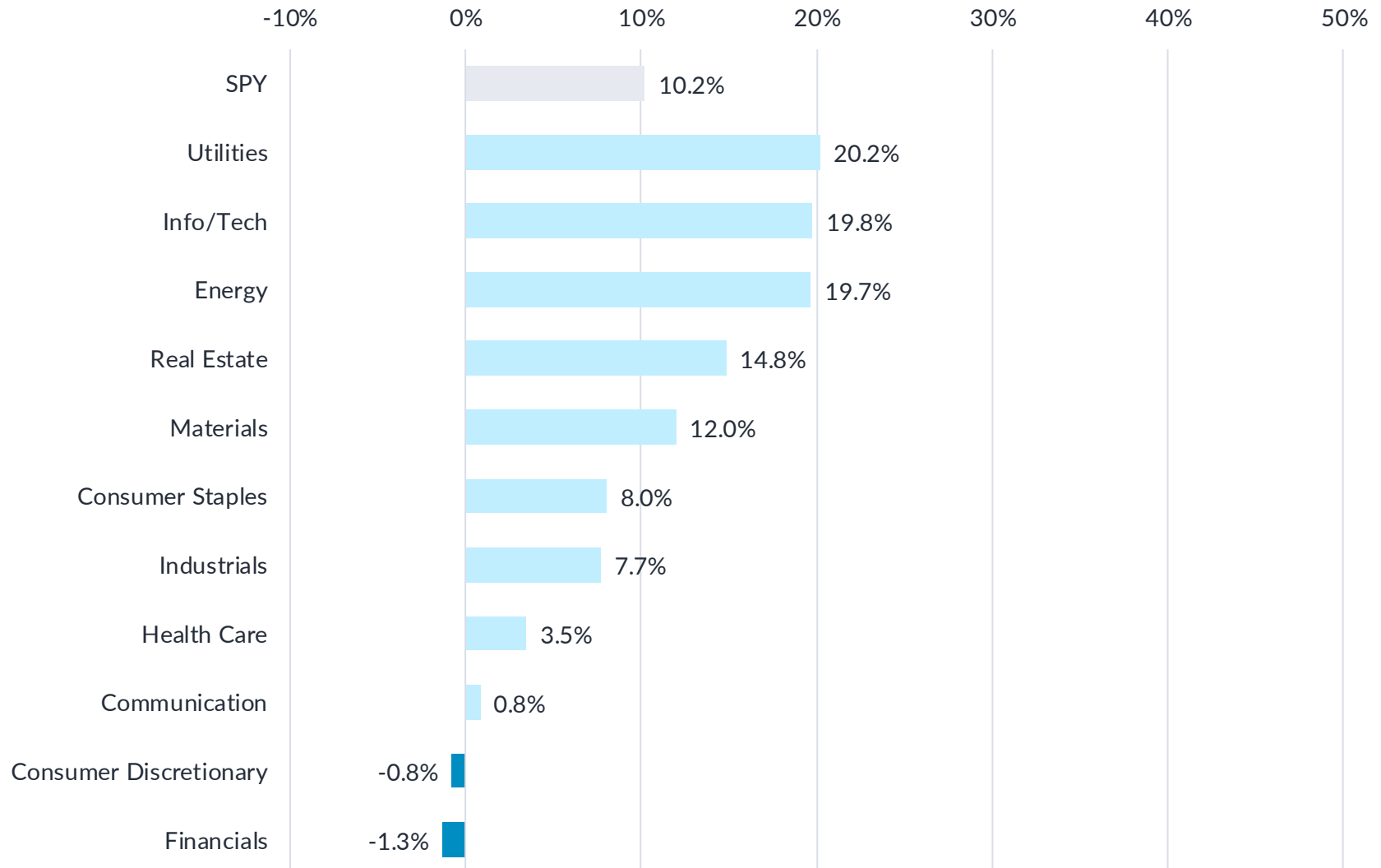
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Source: Bloomberg Finance, showing total return across asset classes, June 30th 2021 to June 30th 2026.

S&P Performance by Sector YTD

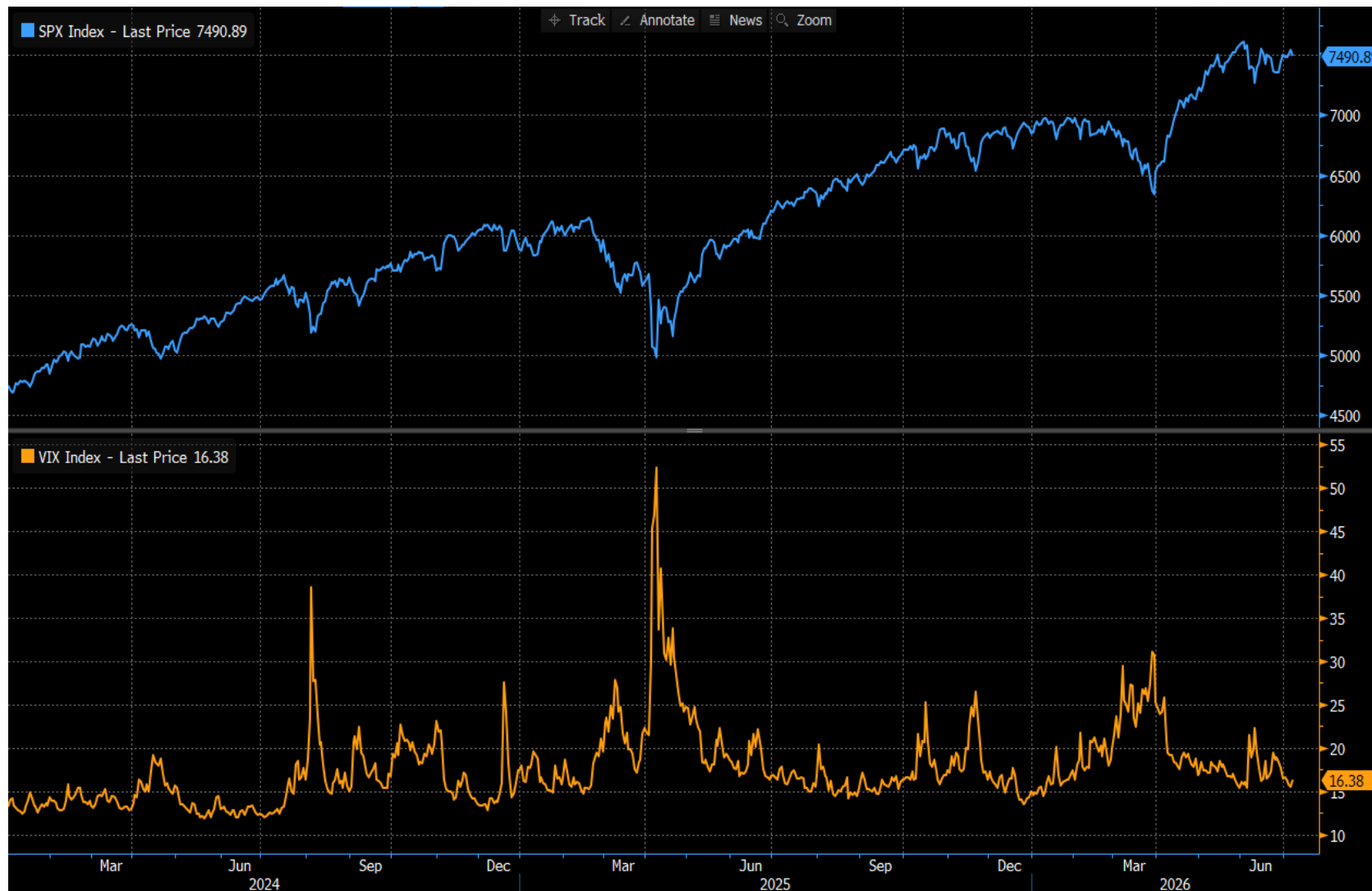
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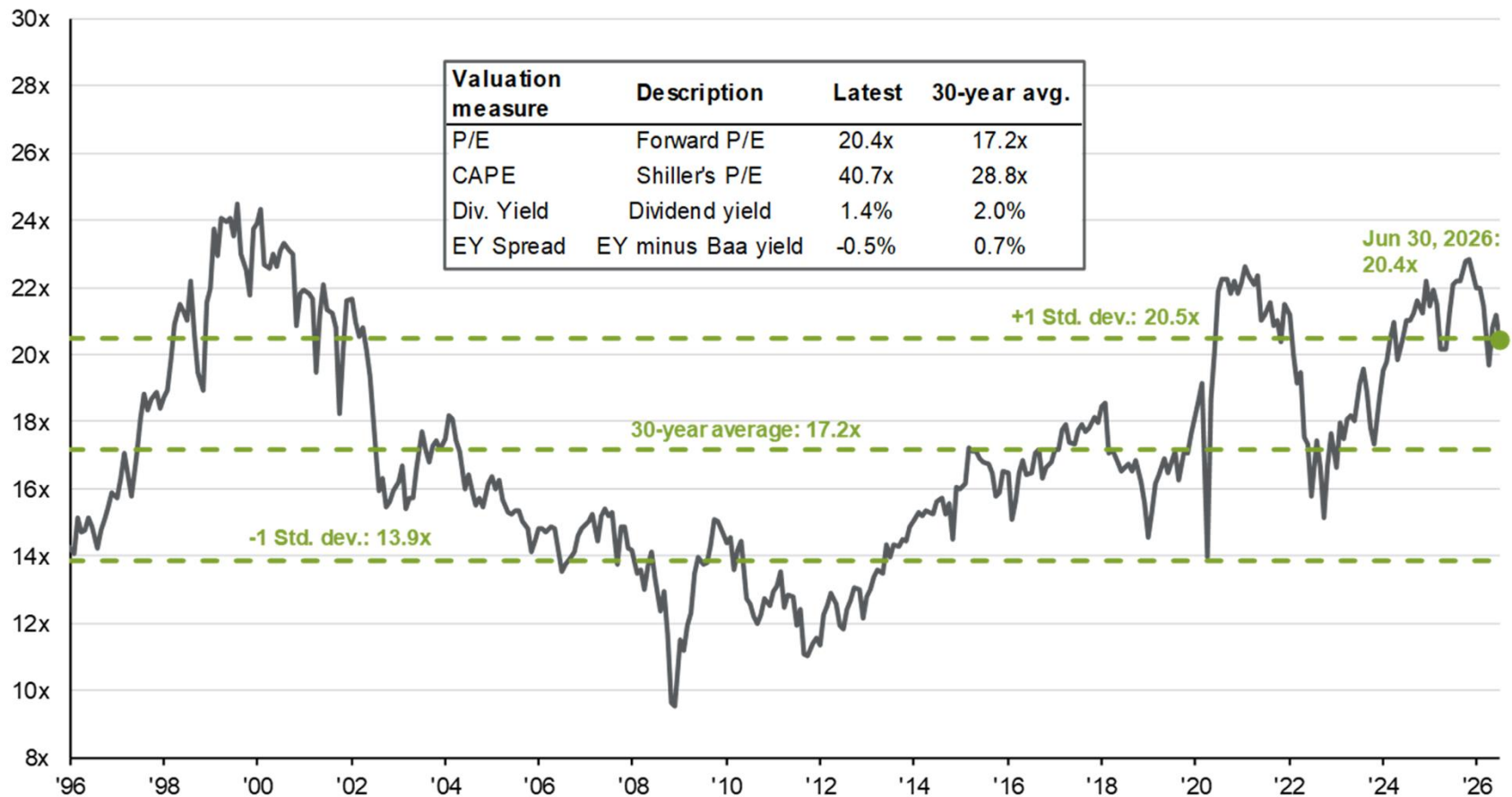
Source: Bloomberg Finance June 30th 2026.

S&P500 vs Volatility

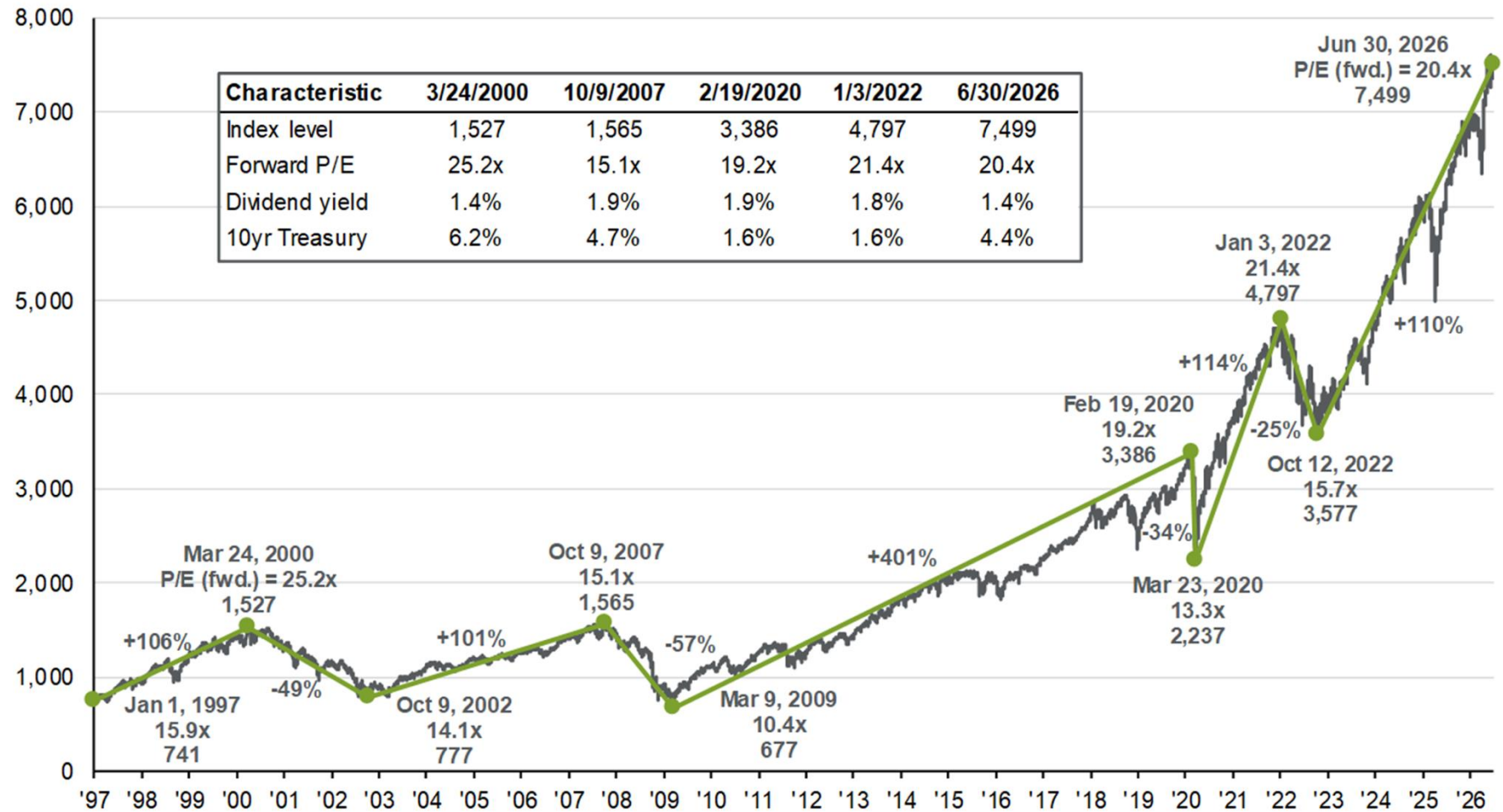
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S&P 500 index: Forward P/E ratio

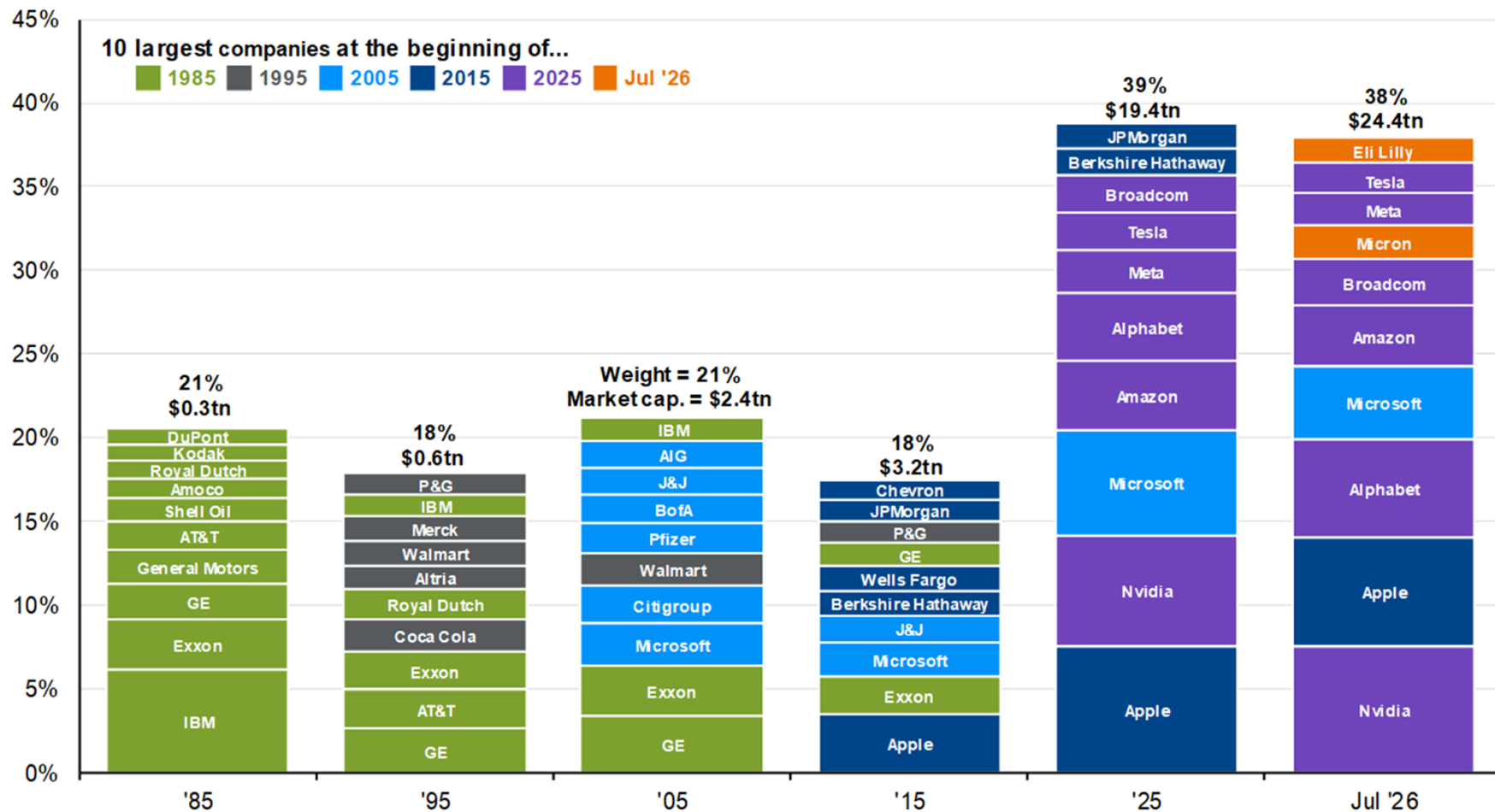


S&P 500 Price Index



Top 10 companies in the S&P 500

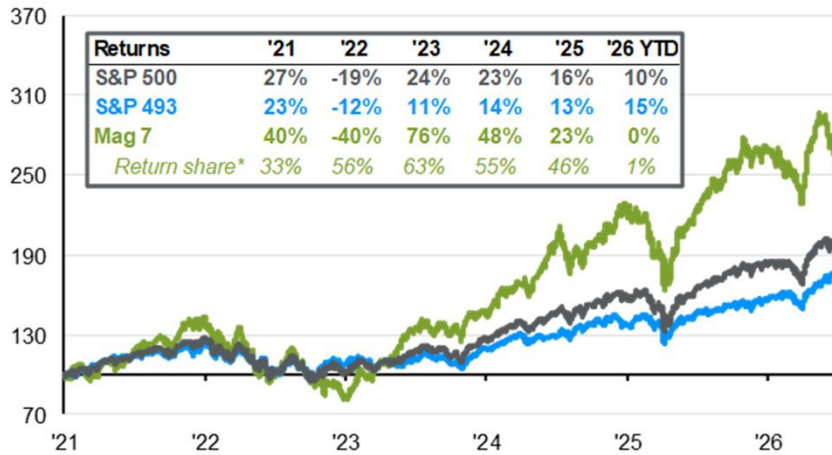
Index weight on the first day of the indicated year and month for current year



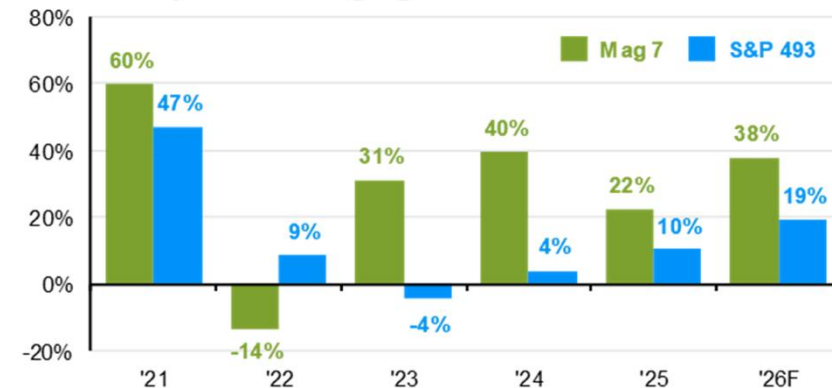
Magnificent Seven

Magnificent 7 performance in the S&P 500

Indexed to 100 on 1/1/2021, price return

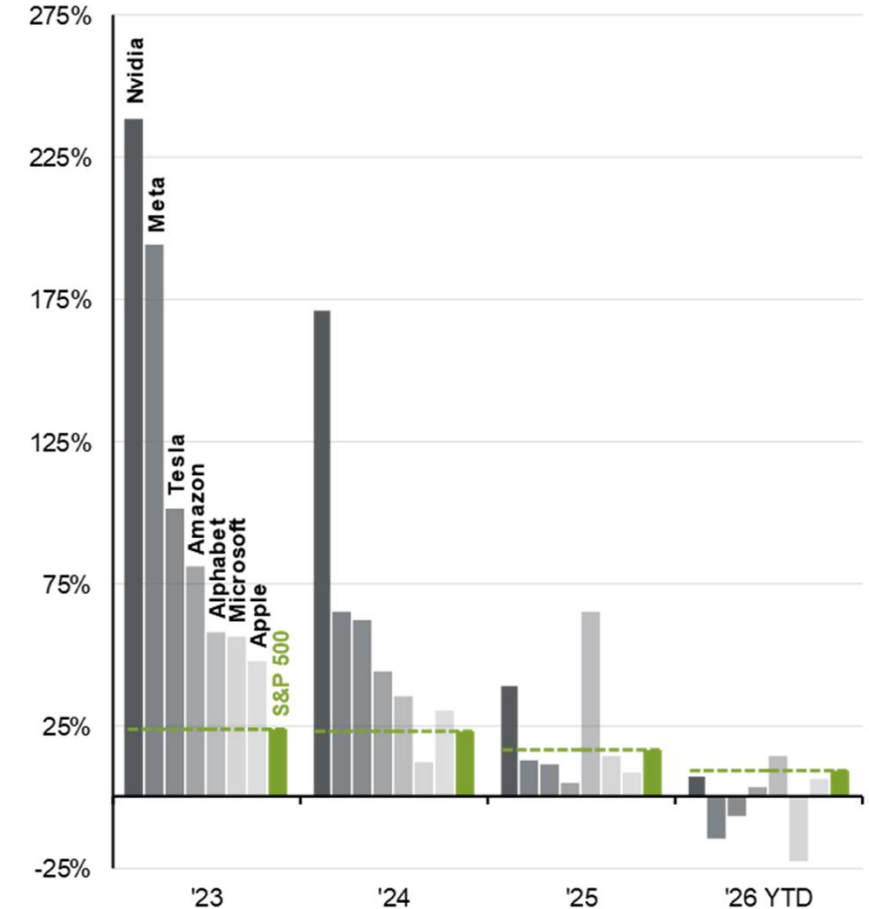


Year-over-year earnings growth



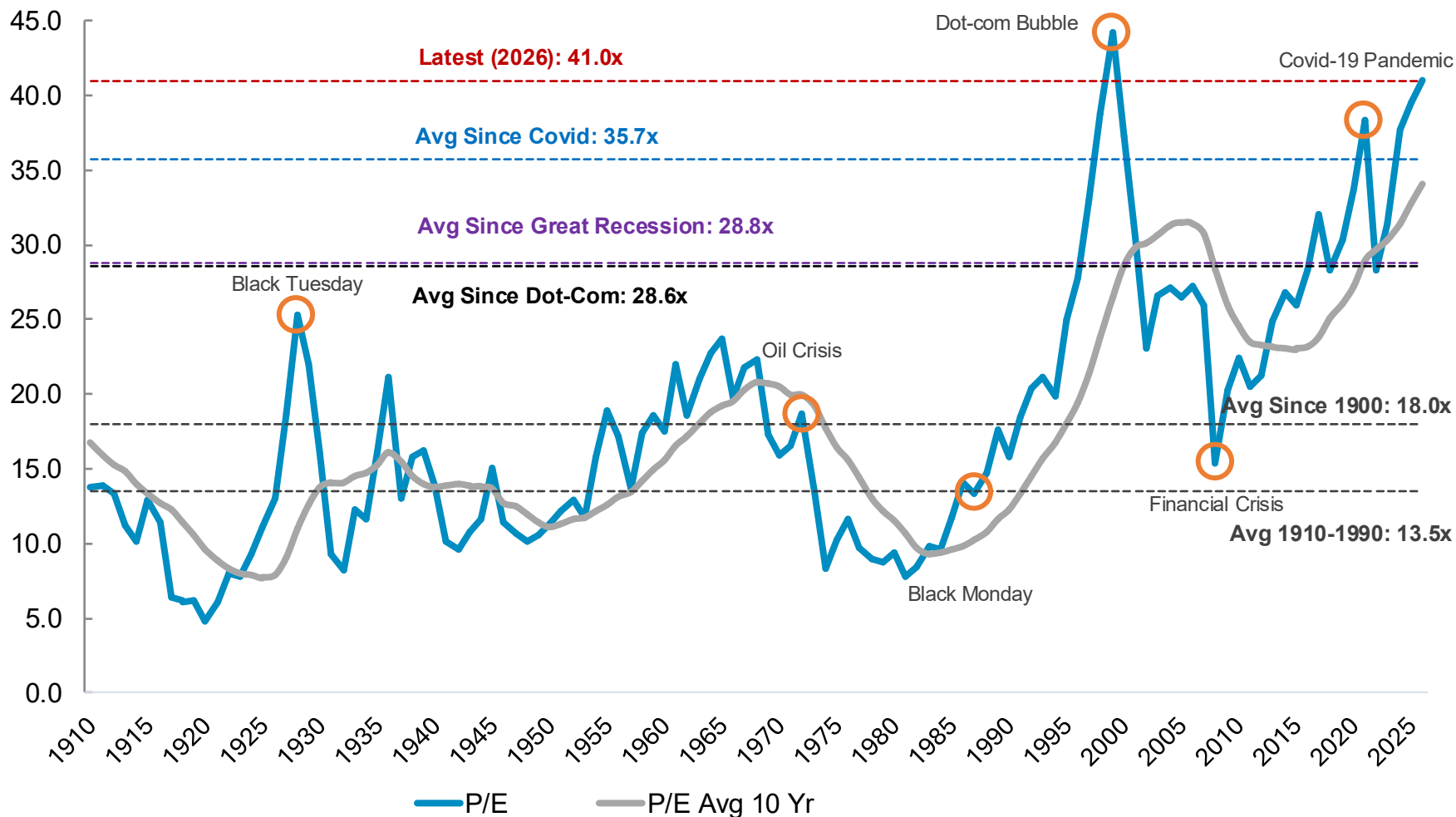
Magnificent 7 performance dispersion

Price return



Shiller CAPE Index: 1910-Present

Forward Guidance can be misleading
Backward-looking shows us at highs



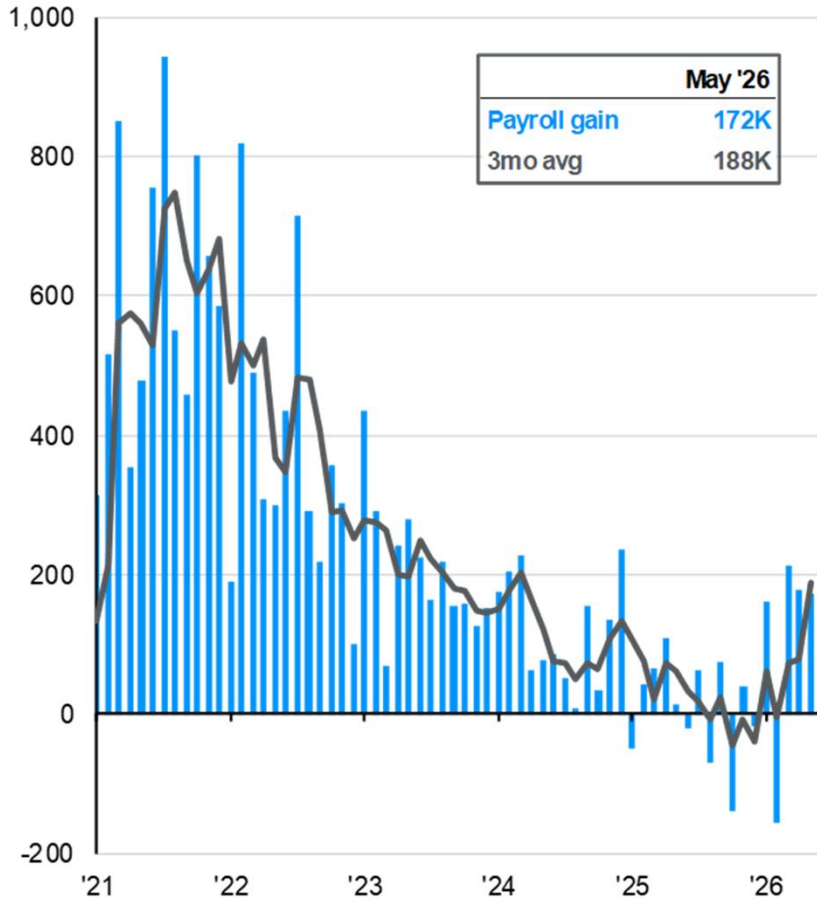
Source: Source: Robert Shiller and his book Irrational Exuberance, showing P/E10 since 1910, <http://www.econ.yale.edu/~shiller/data.htm>, June 30th, 2026

*CAPE: Cyclically Adjusted Price-to Earnings

Economic Data

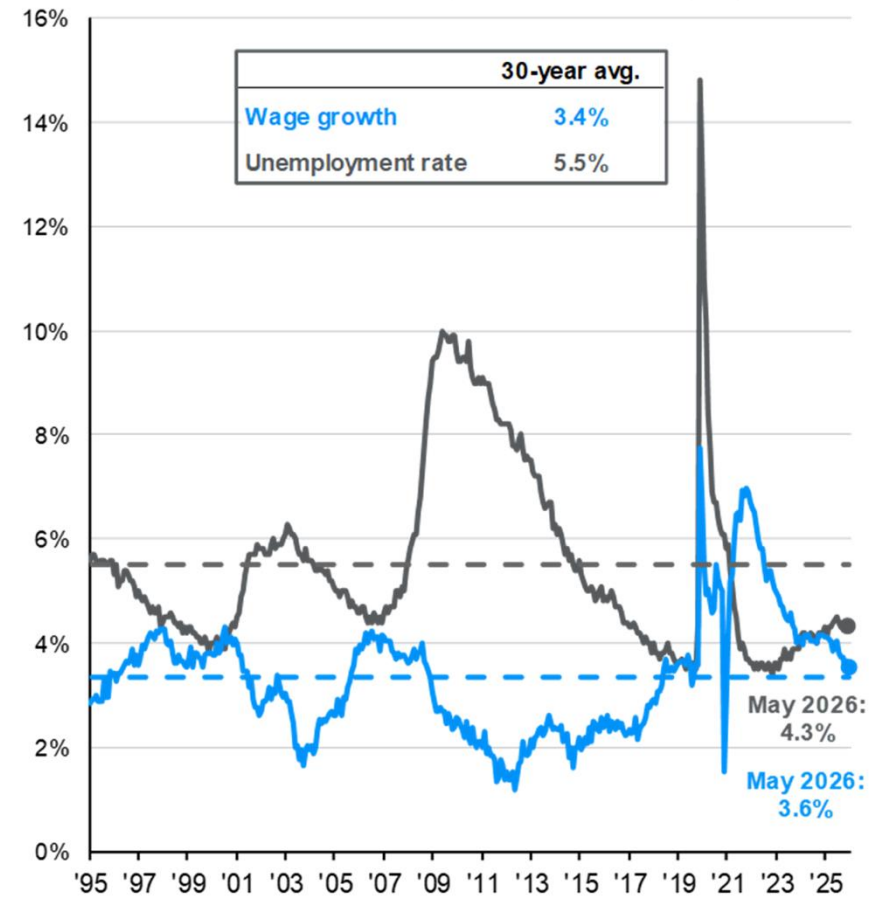
Nonfarm payroll gains

Month-over-month change and 3-month moving average, thousands, SA



Civilian unemployment rate and annual wage growth

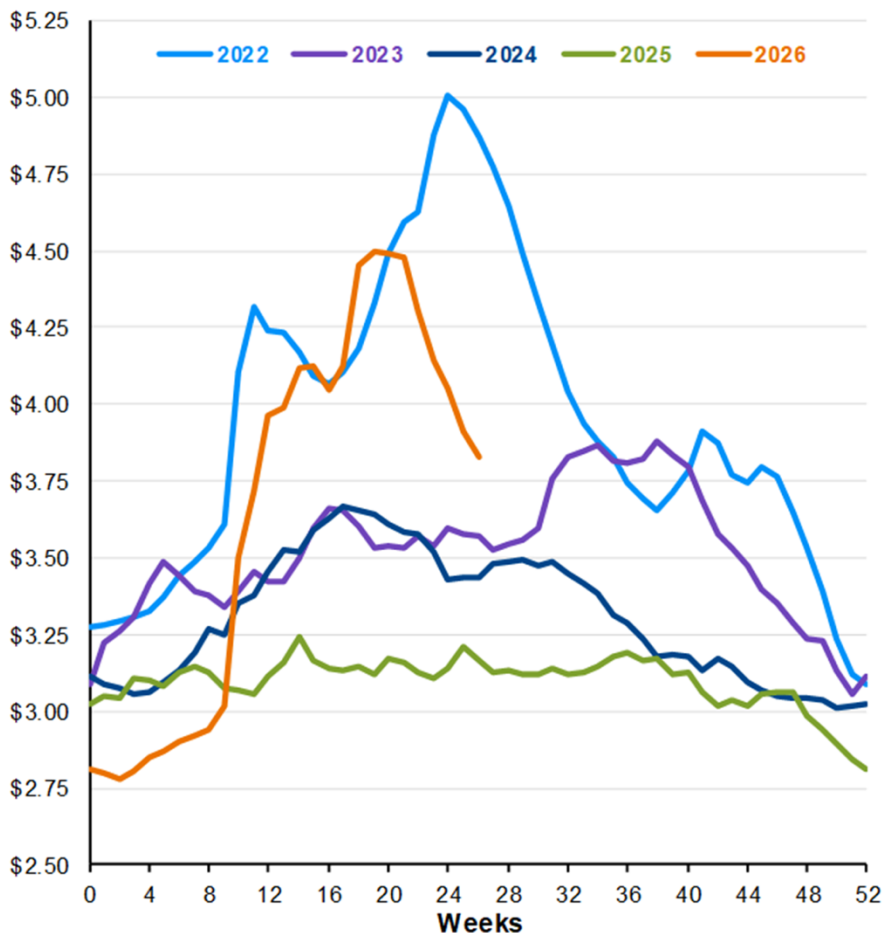
Private production and non-supervisory workers, seasonally adjusted, %



Gasoline Prices

Retail gasoline prices

All regular formulations, USD per gallon, weekly



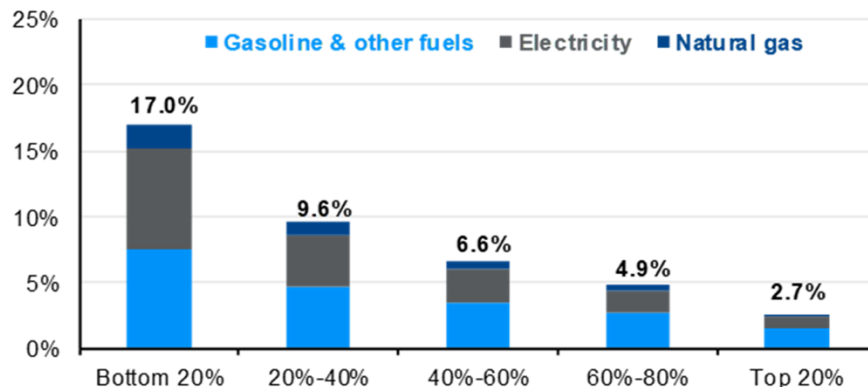
U.S. net imports of petroleum and related products*

% of nominal GDP, quarterly

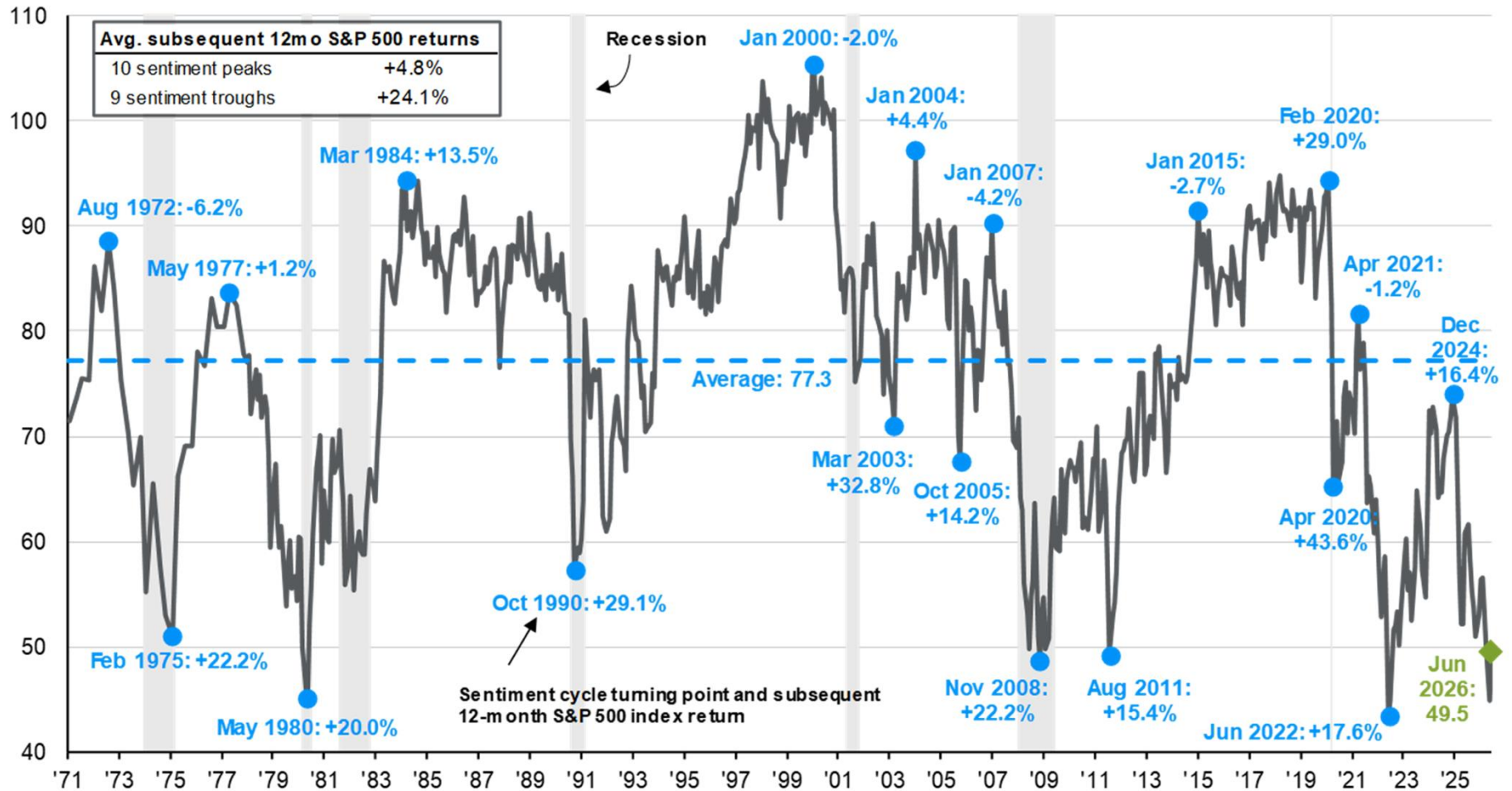


Consumer expenditures on energy

% of total income, by pre-tax income cohort, 2024



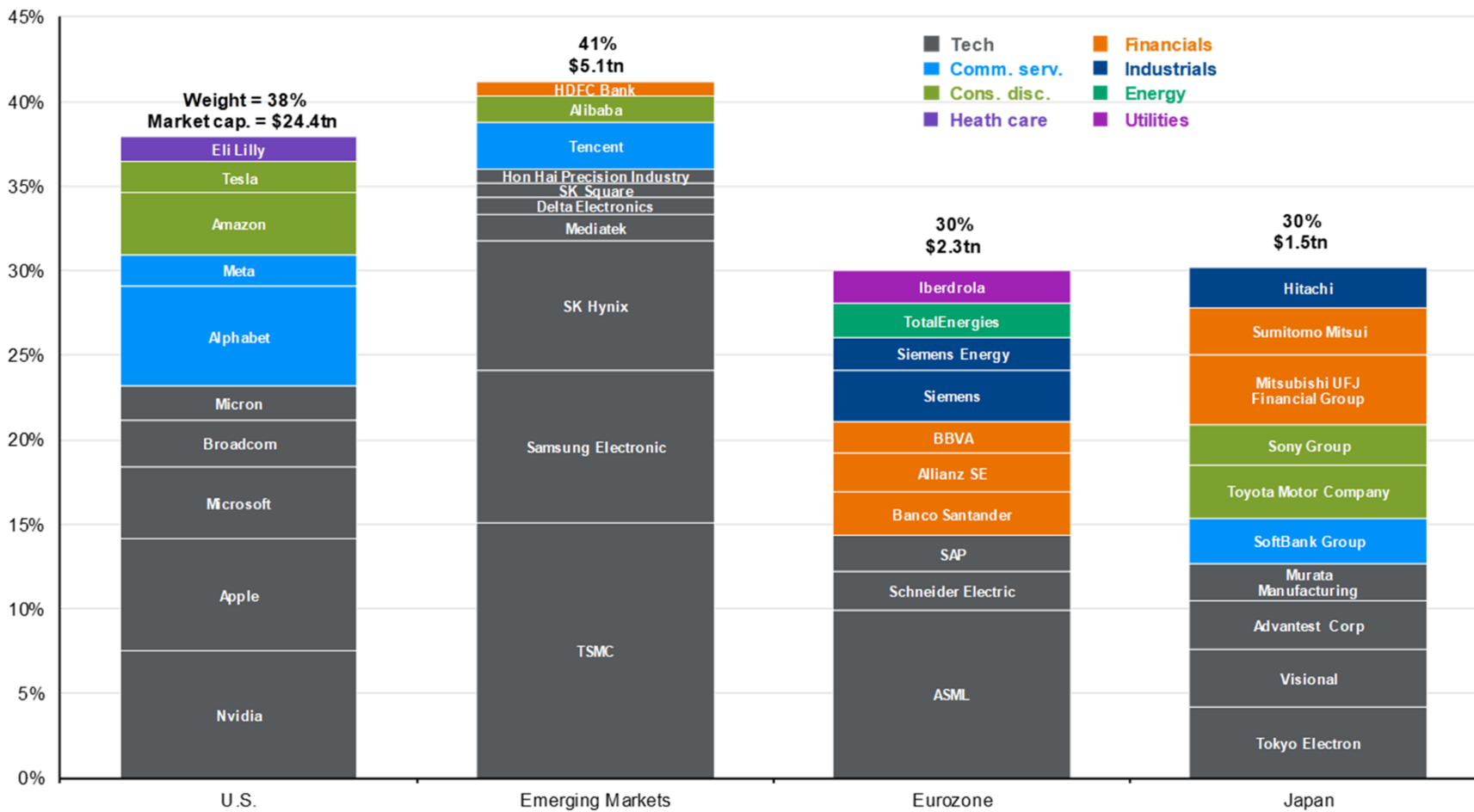
Consumer Sentiment Index* and subsequent 12-month S&P 500 returns



Concentration around the World

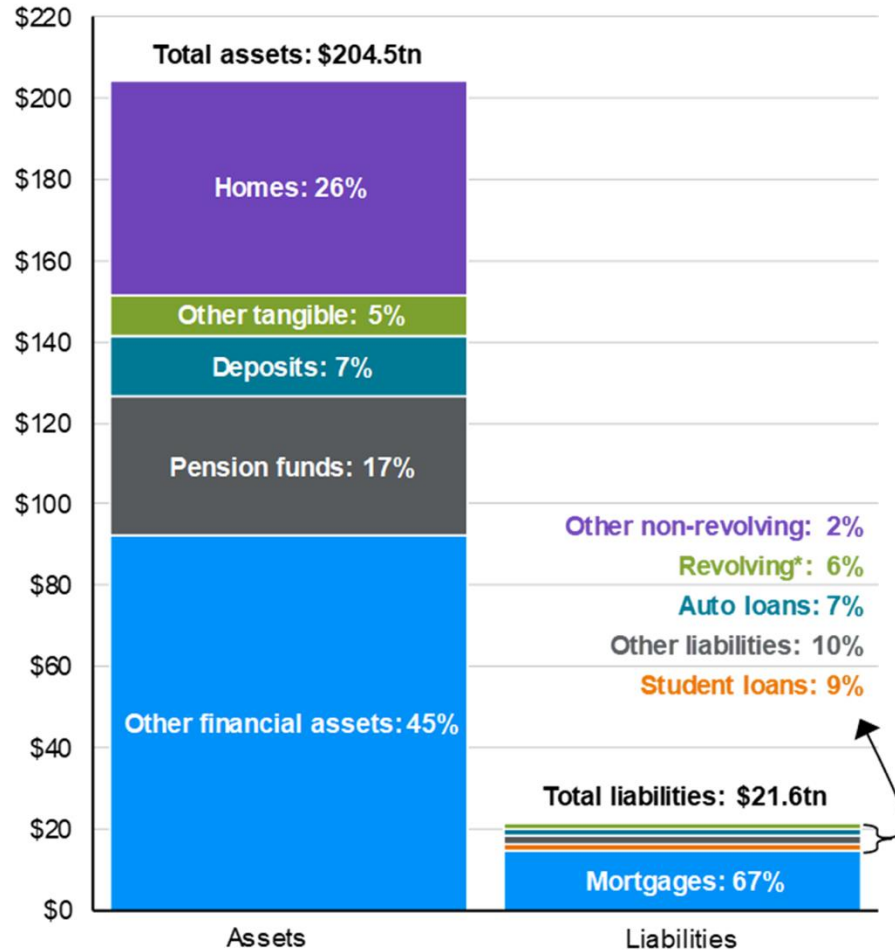
Top 10 companies in regional indices

Index weight on the first day of the current month



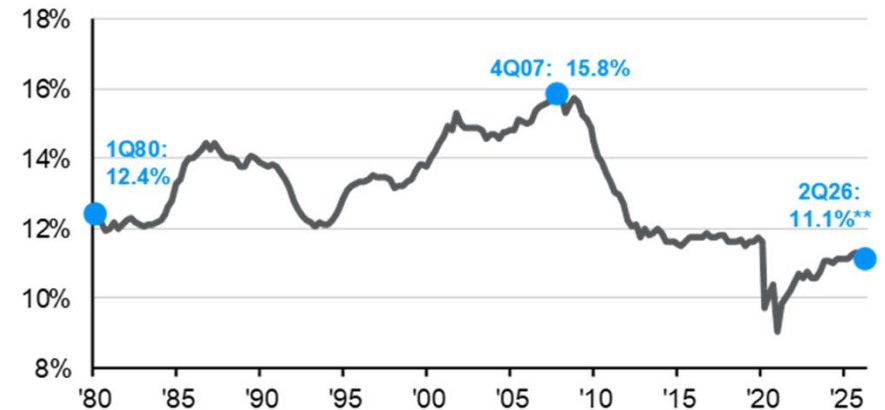
Consumer balance sheet

1Q26, USD trillions, not seasonally adjusted



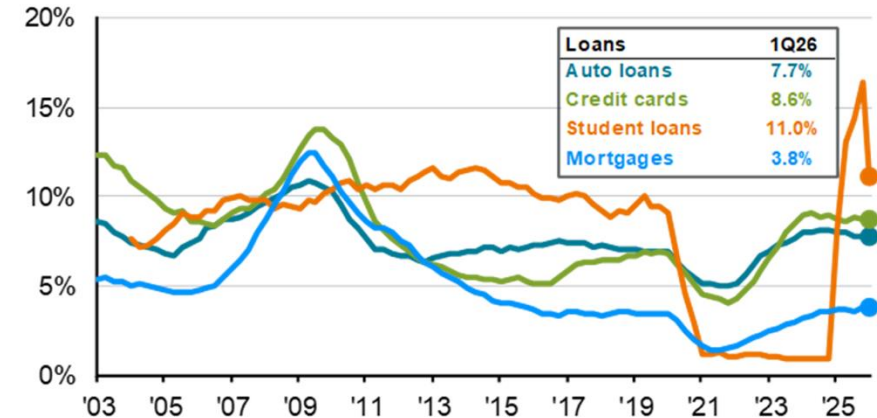
Household debt service ratio

Debt payments as % of disposable personal income, SA



Flows into early delinquencies

% of balance delinquent 30+ days

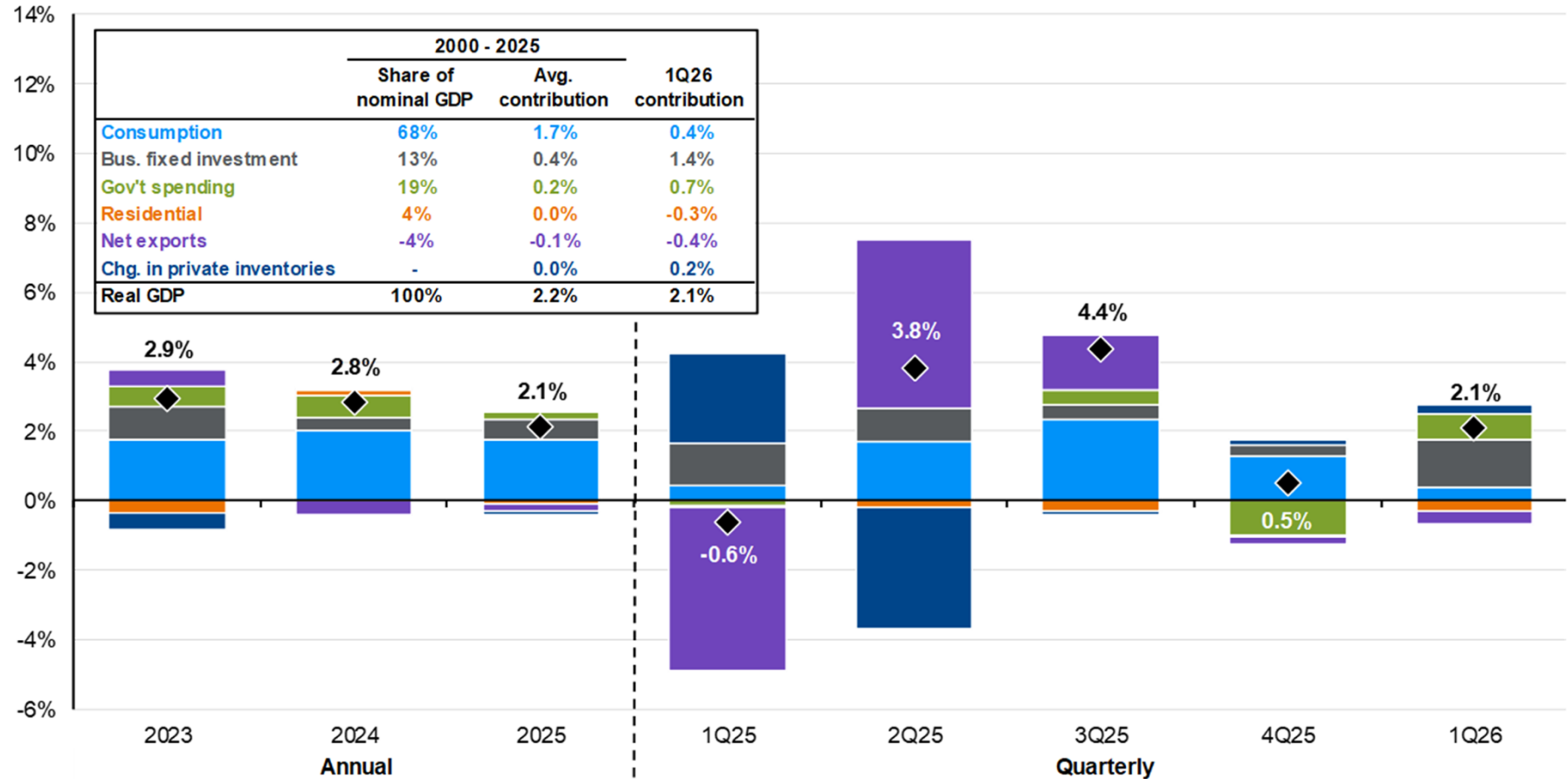


U.S. GDP Growth Components

RS

Contributors to real GDP growth

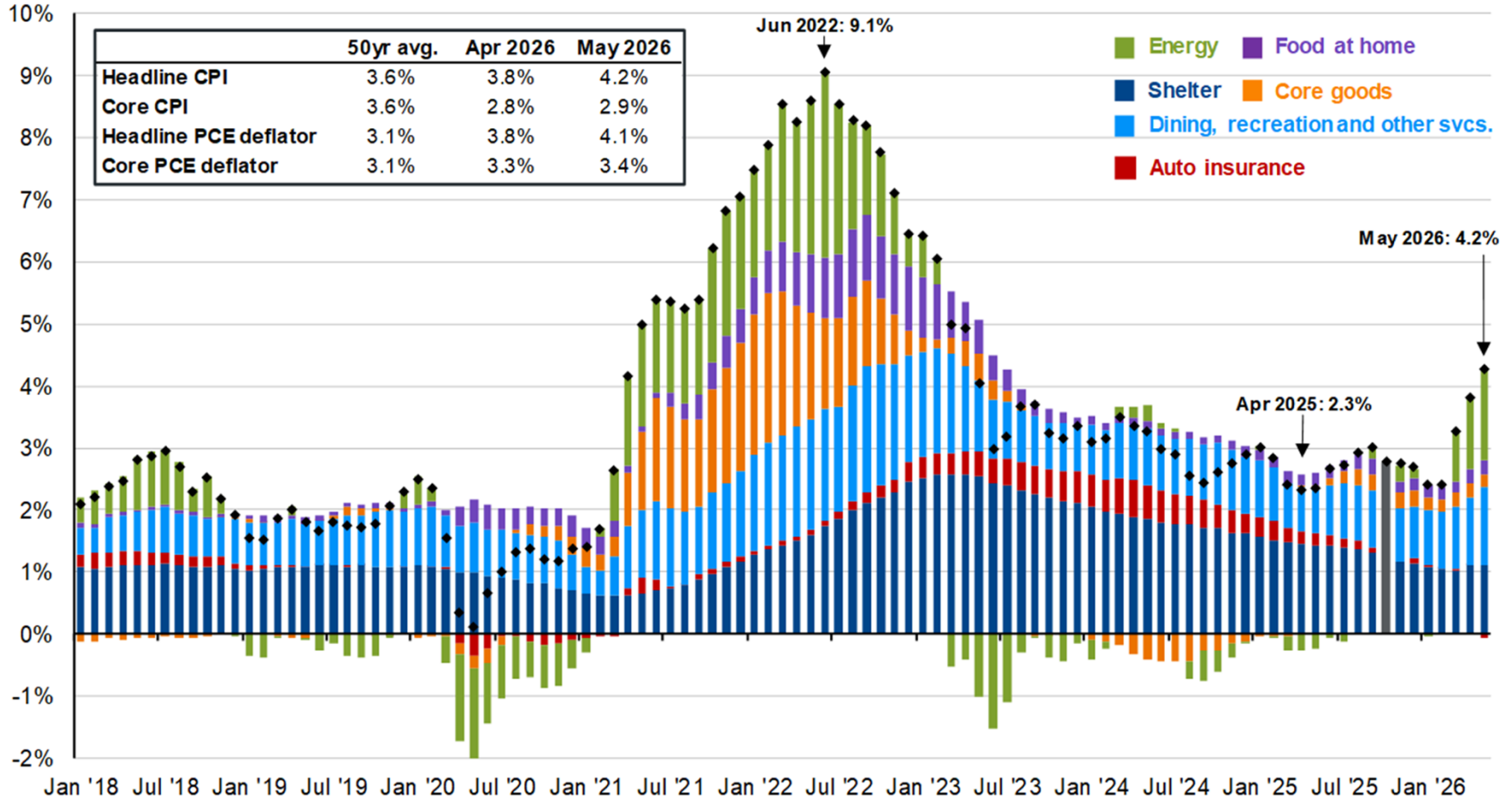
Seasonally adjusted annualized rate



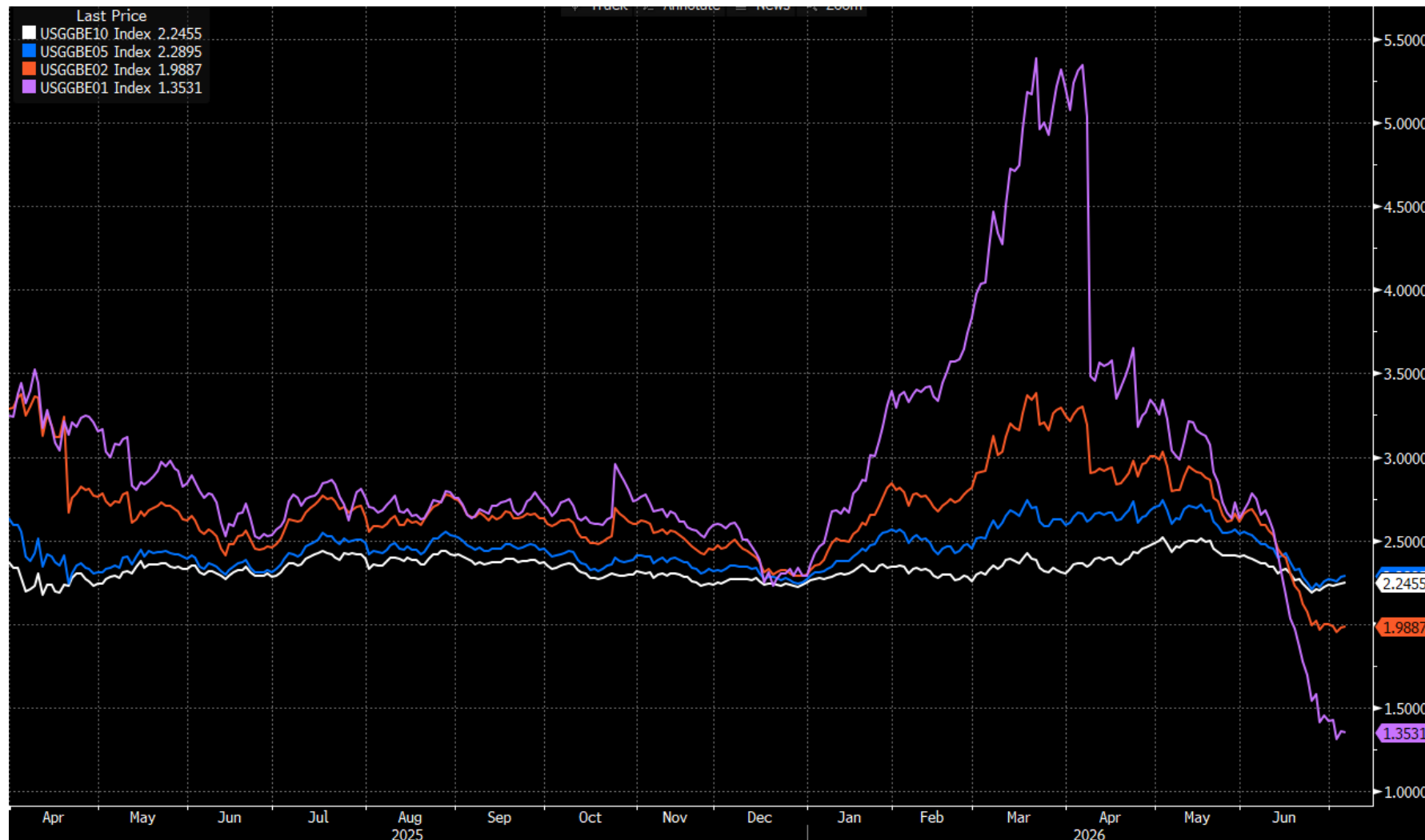
Inflation Components

Contributors to headline CPI inflation

Contribution to year-over-year % change in CPI, non-seasonally adjusted



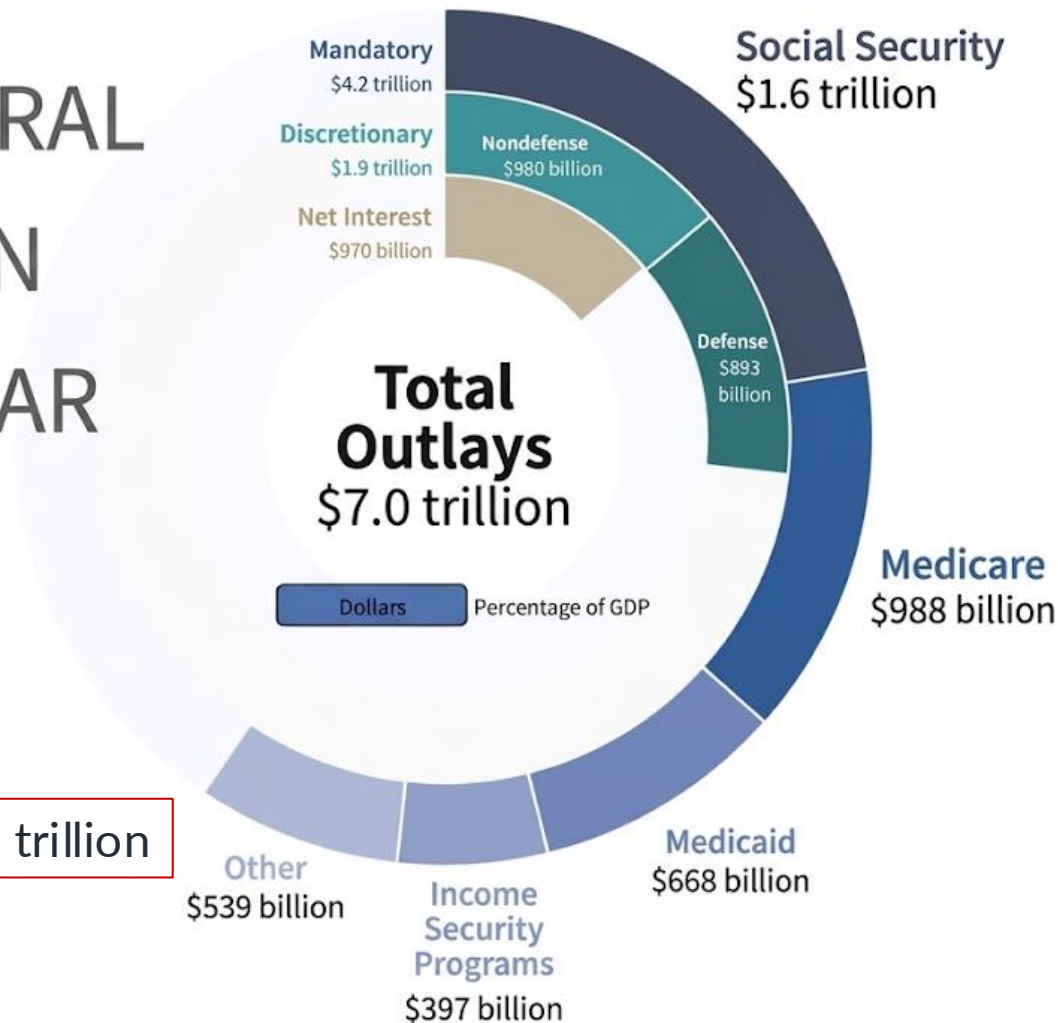
TIPS Breakevens Comparison



Source: Bloomberg Finance, TIP Breakeven Inflation Rates March 31st, 2025, to June 30th, 2026

Fiscal and Monetary Stimulus

THE FEDERAL BUDGET IN FISCAL YEAR 2025



Total Revenue: \$5.2 trillion

Current U.S. Debt

RS

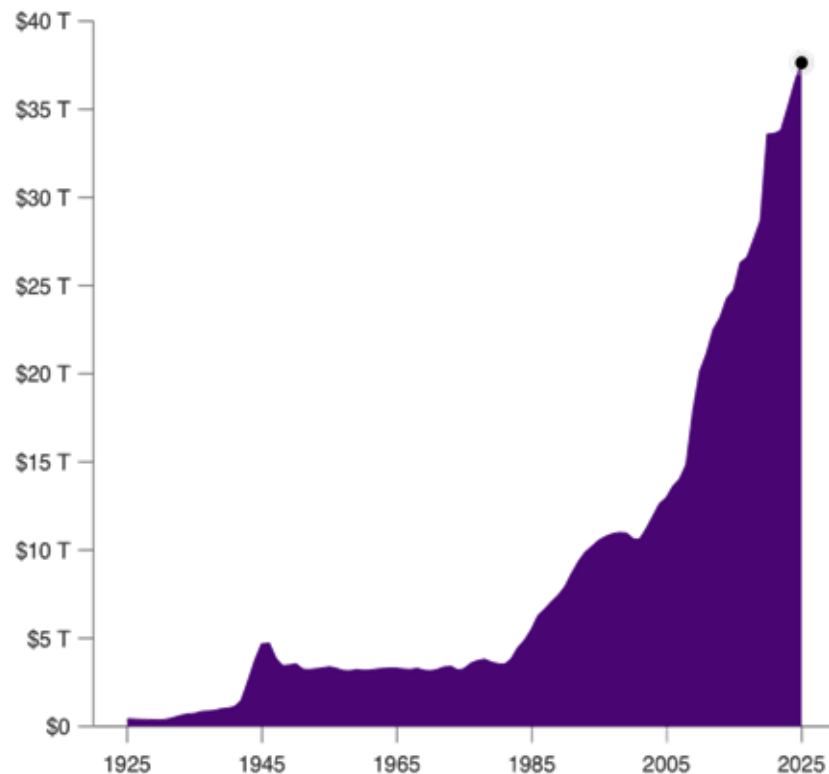
Inflation Adjusted - 2025 Dollars

2025

Fiscal Year

\$37.64 T

Total Debt



Federal Debt Trends Over Time, FY 1948 – 2025

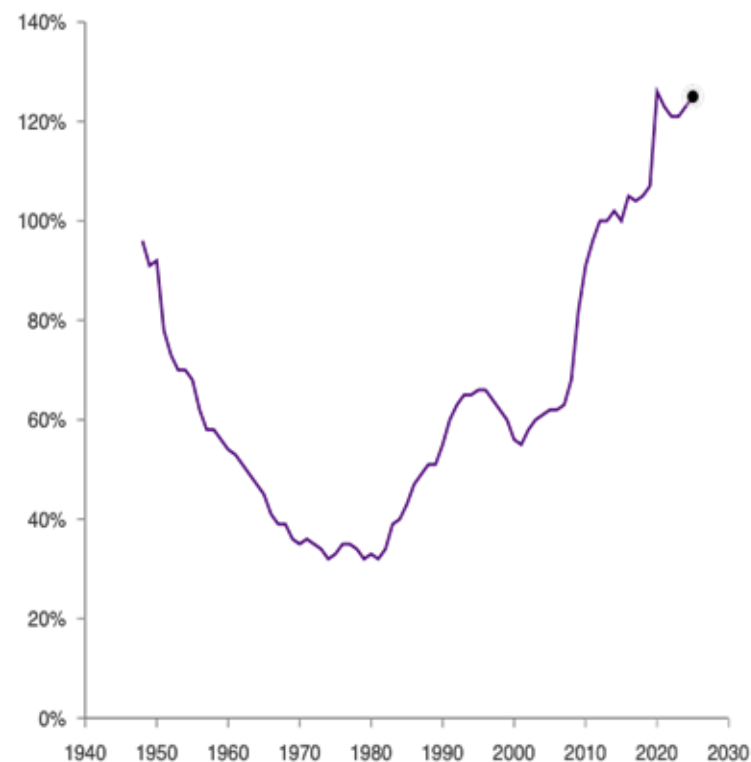
Debt to Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

2025

Fiscal Year

125%

Debt to GDP



U.S. Interest Rate Expenses

RS

2026

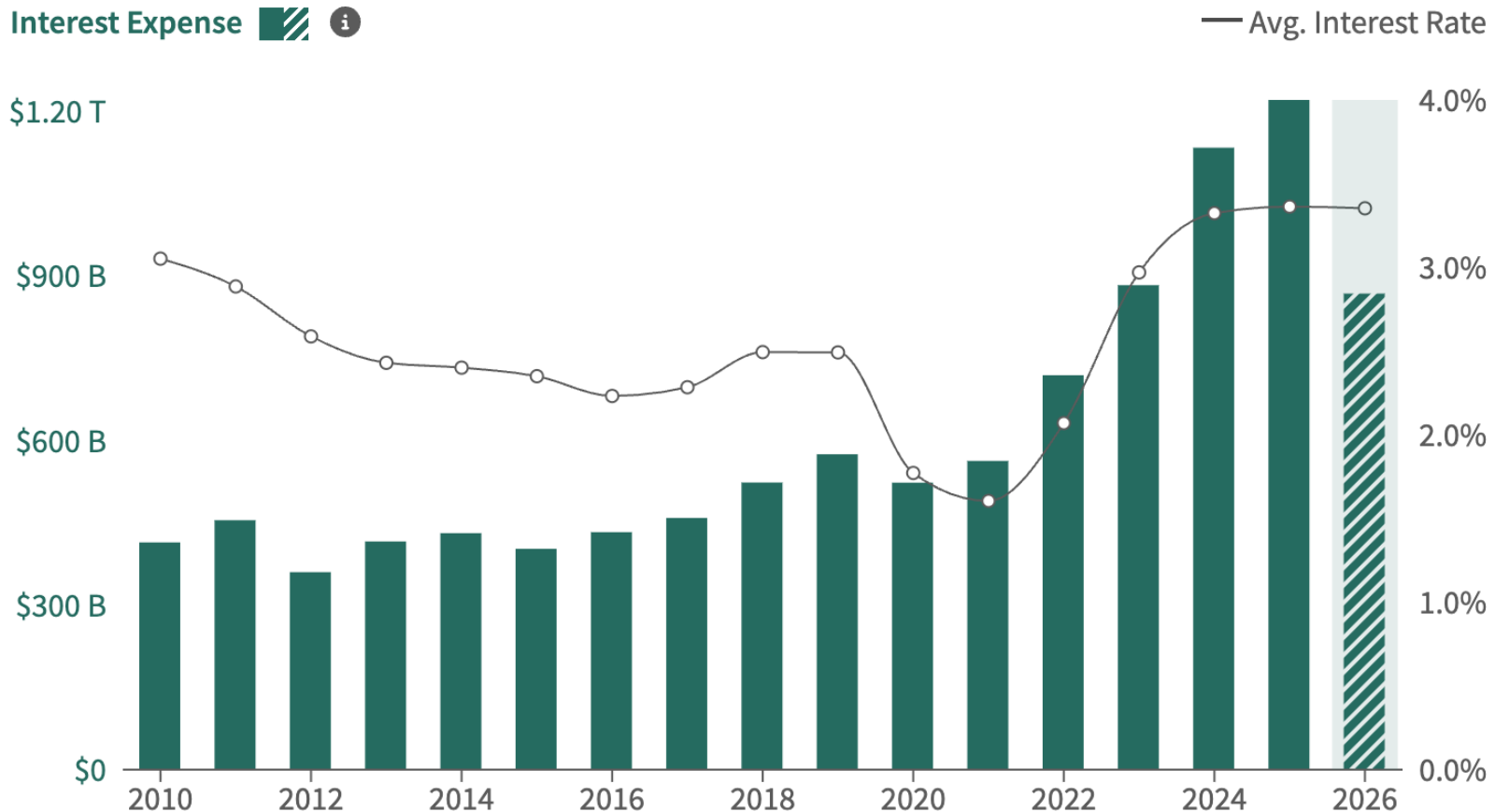
FYTD

\$867 B

Interest Expense

3.353%

Avg. Interest Rate

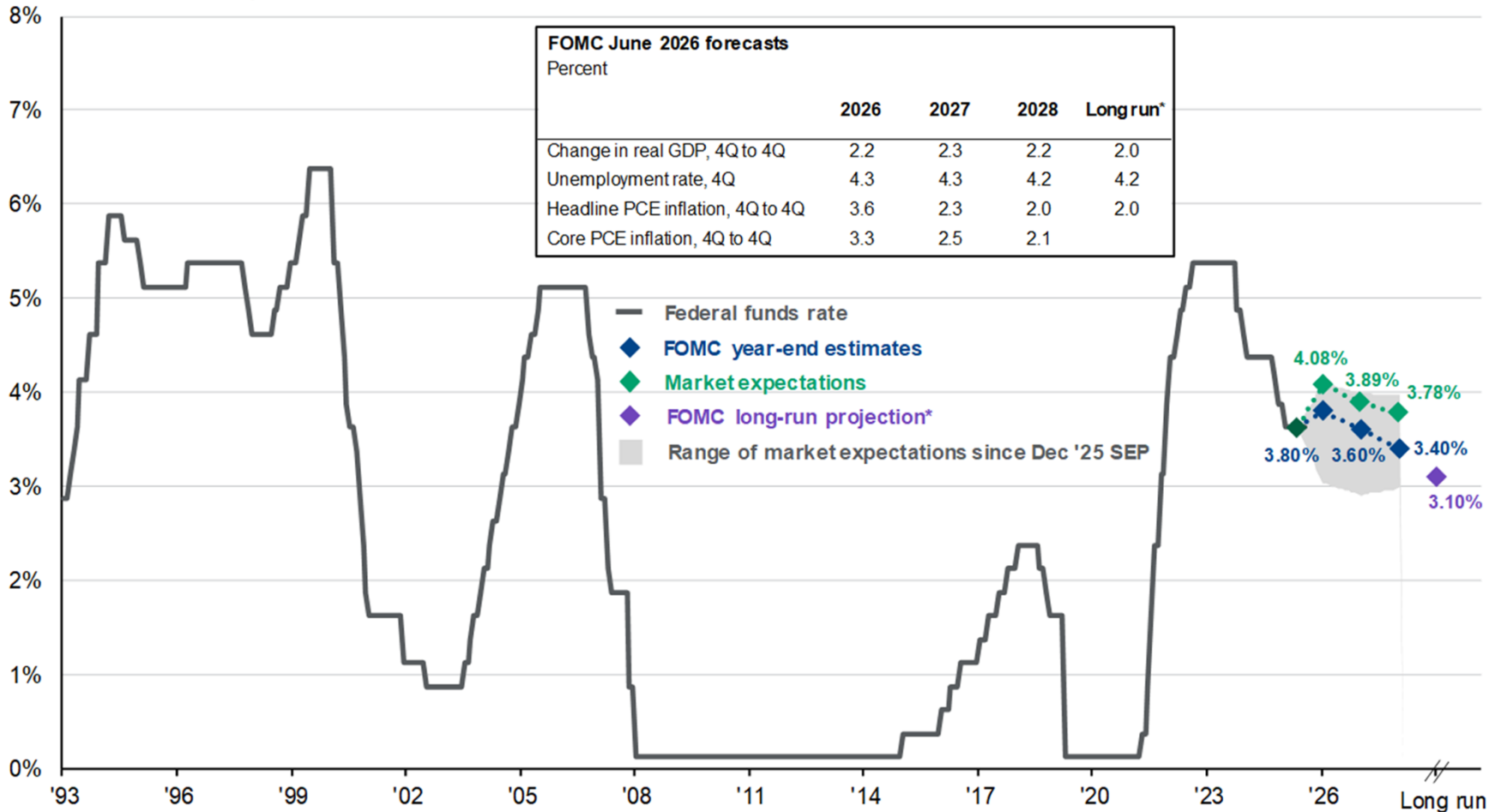


Federal Funds Rate Expectations

RS

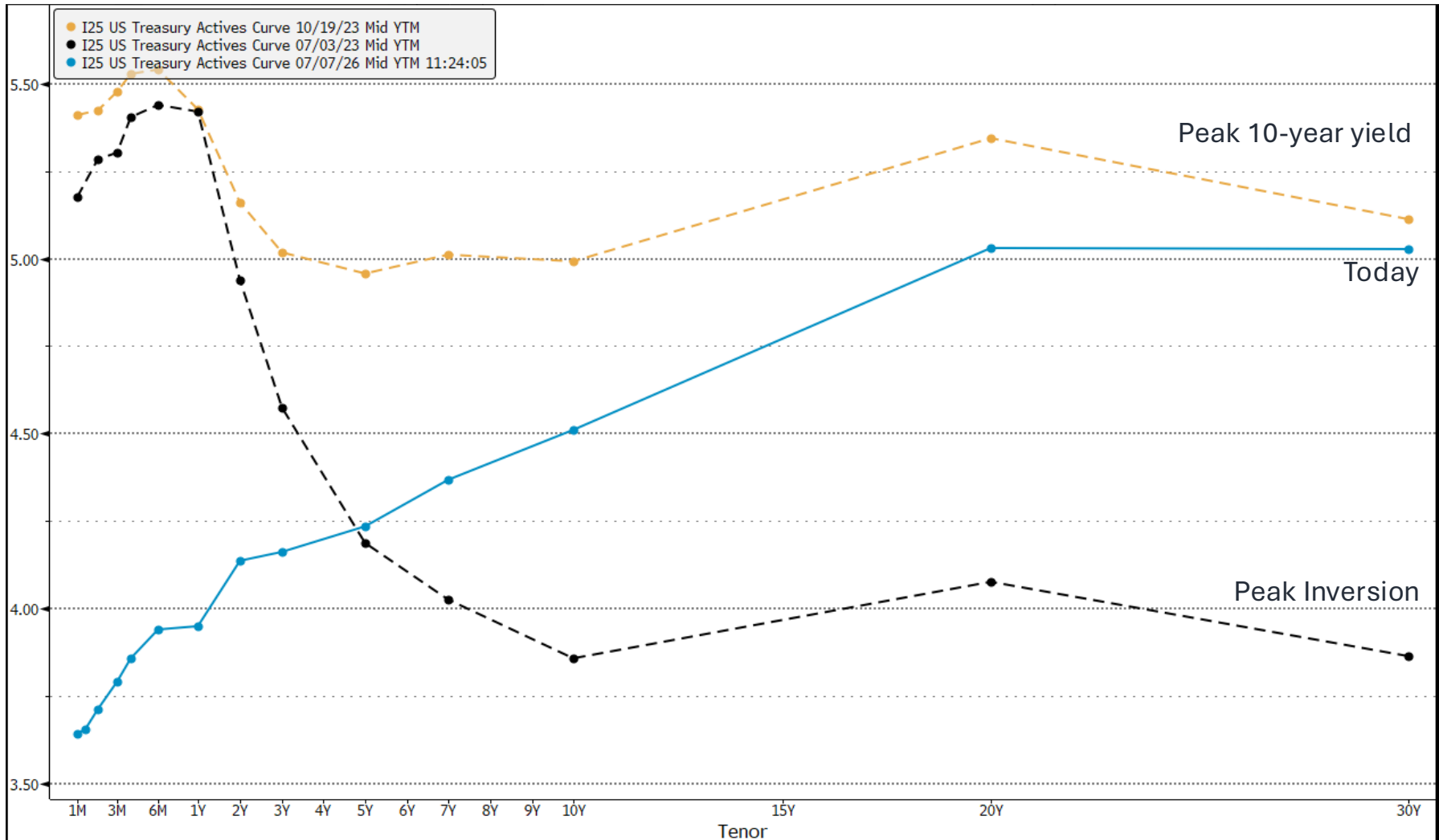
Federal funds rate expectations

FOMC and market expectations for the federal funds rate



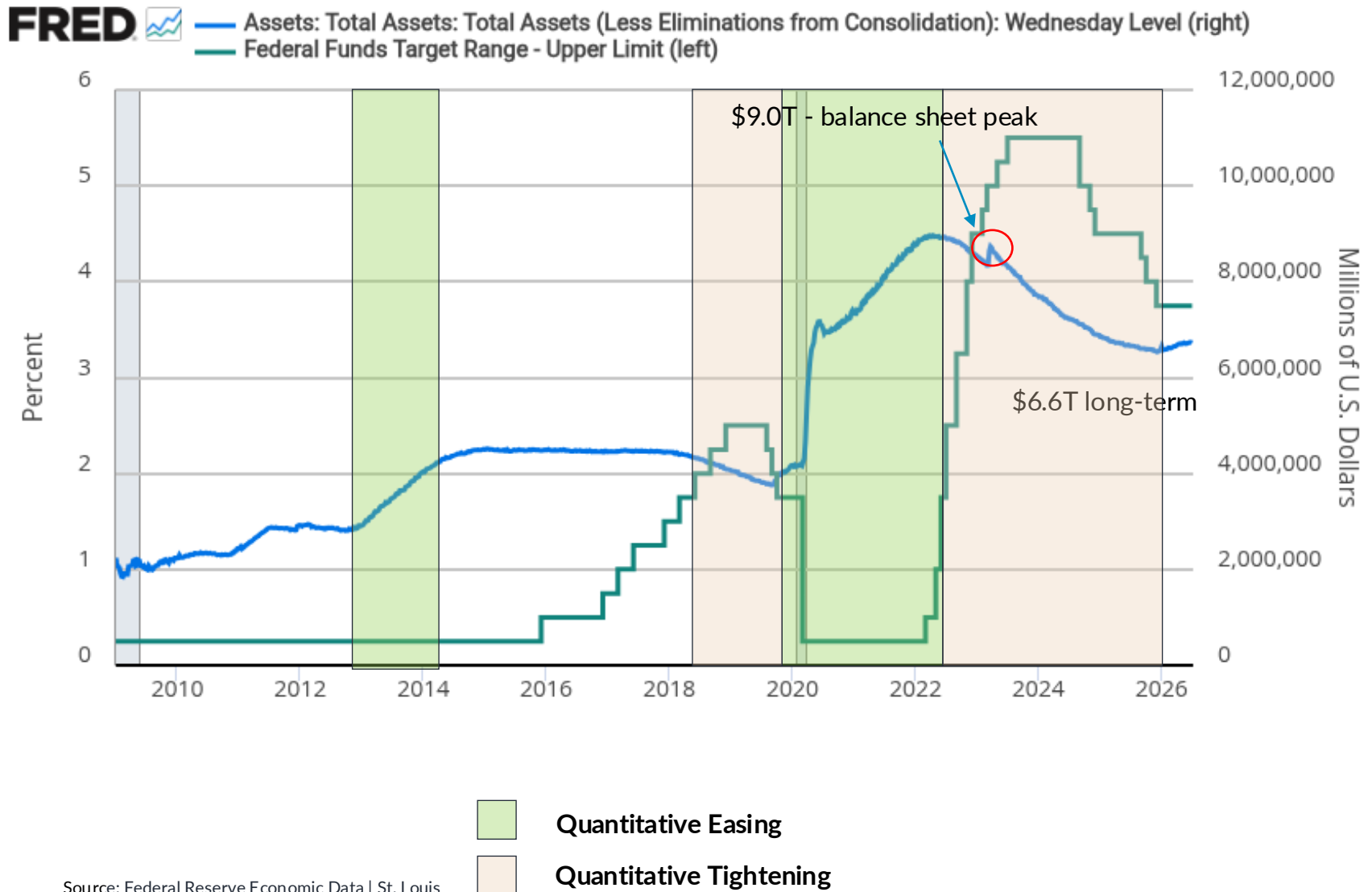
U.S. Yield Curve

RS



Fed Balance Sheet and Rate Hikes, since 2008

RS



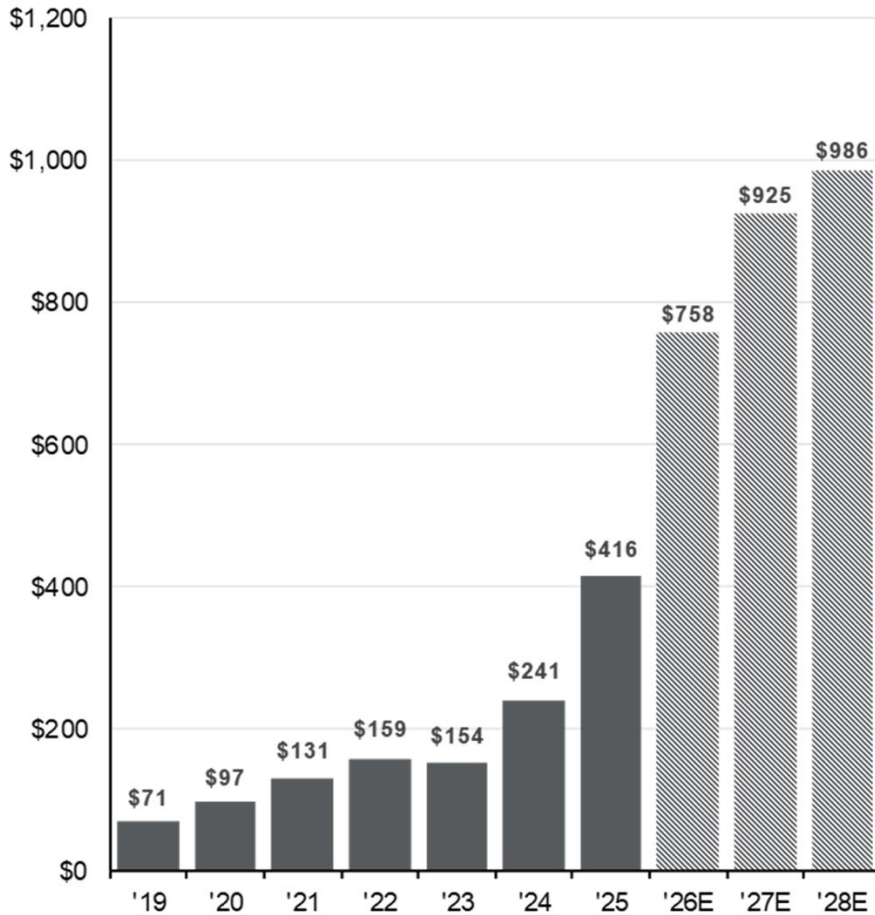
Source: [Federal Reserve Economic Data](#) | St. Louis

AI Snapshot

AI Capital Expenditures

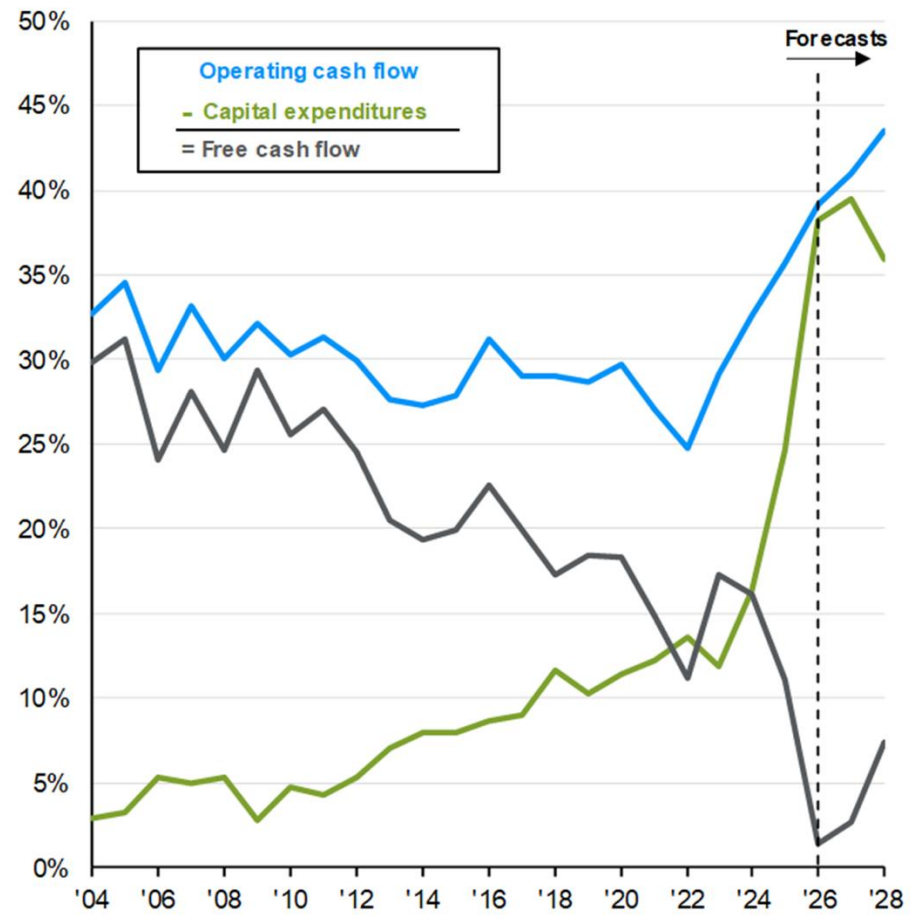
Capex from the major AI hyperscalers*

USD billions; Alphabet, Amazon, Meta, Microsoft, Oracle



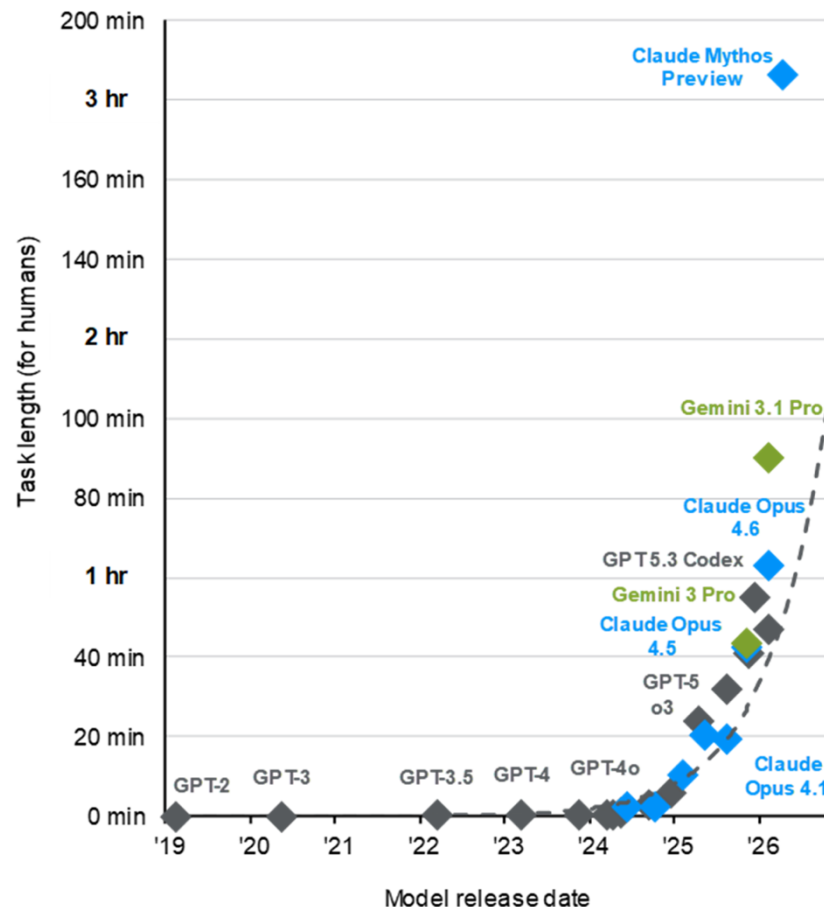
Hyperscalers' cash flow and capex

% of sales



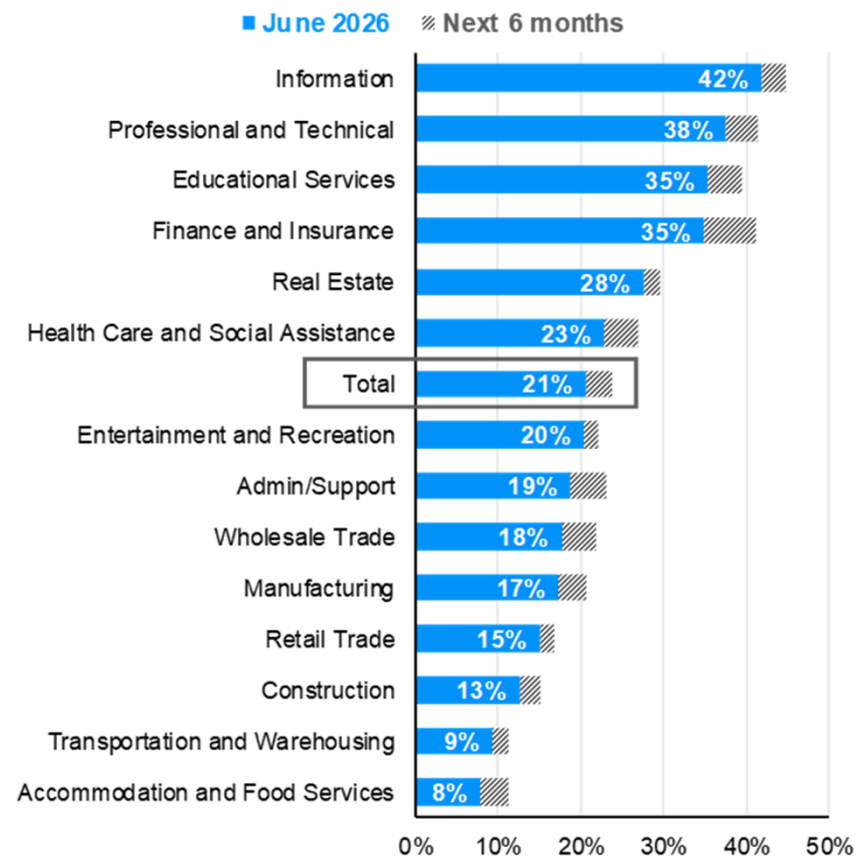
Length of tasks AI agents can autonomously complete

Time to complete tasks at 80% success, by model*



Businesses using AI in any business function

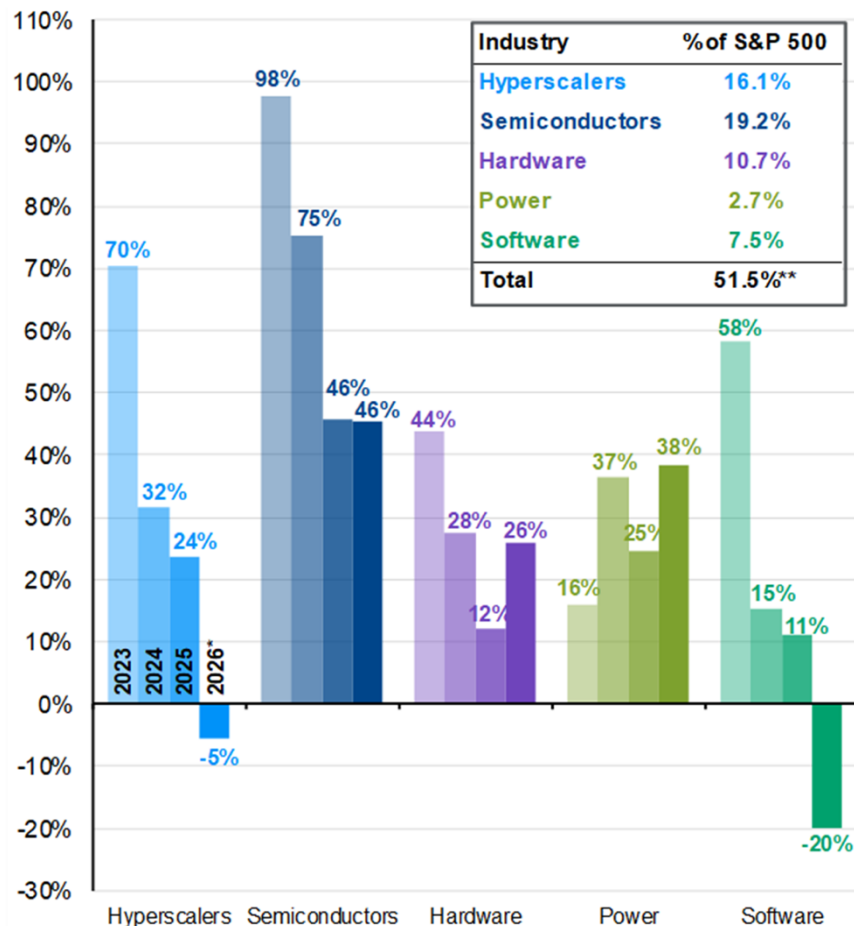
% of all firms reporting use of AI applications



AI Themed Stock Performance

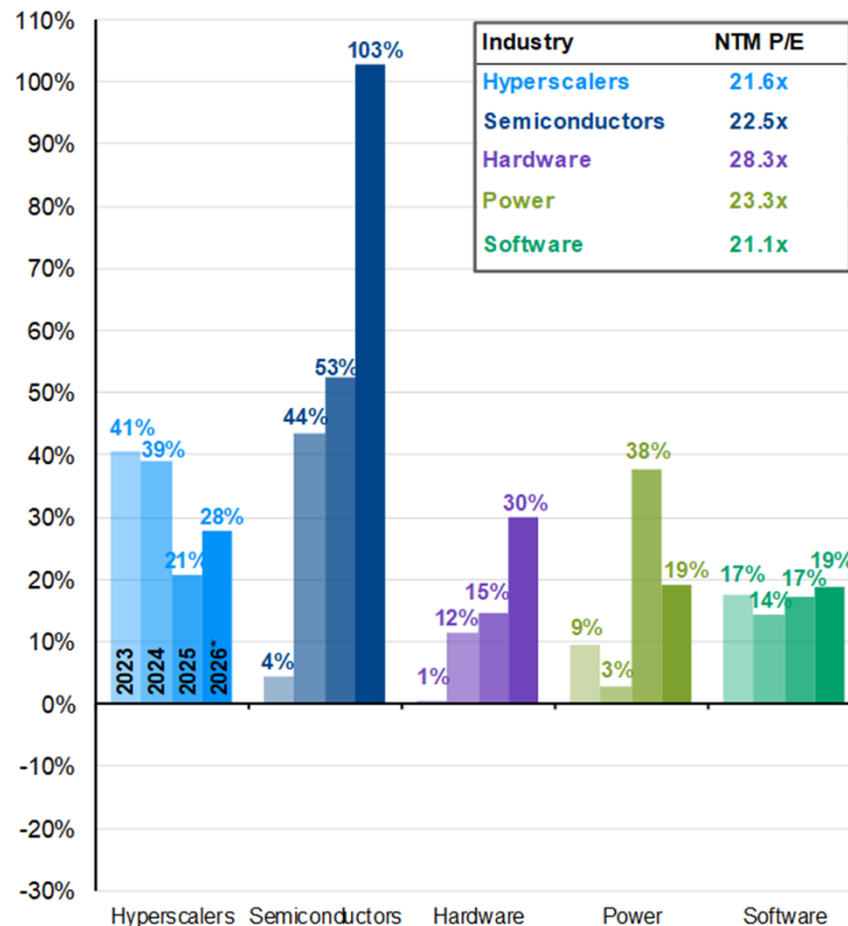
AI-related industry performance

Price return



AI-related industry earnings growth

Year-over-year

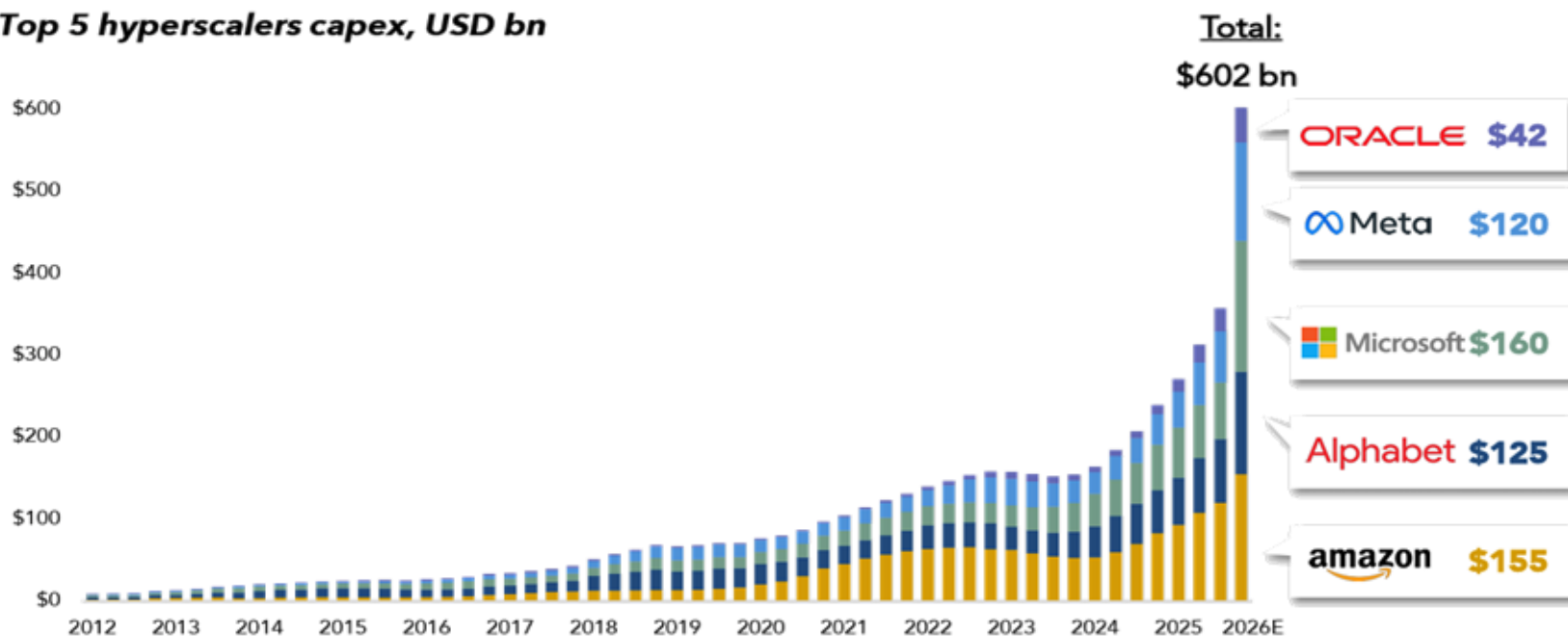


- **Should AI be regulated?**
 - There is room for reasonable debate for both sides here, however the status quo is
- **Opaque Executive Power**
 - Unpredictable Decisions: Actions stem directly from unilateral executive orders or administrative department directives, bypassing typical legislative pathways. No AI regulation has turned into regulation by decree
 - Middle of the Road: This introduces the worst of both worlds - developers face sudden enforcement and restrictions without the clarity of documented rules
- **Examples**
 - The Fable 5 Suspension: Department of Commerce export controls forced Anthropic to pull Claude Fable 5 and Claude Mythos 5 globally for weeks in June 2026
 - GPT-5.6 Deployment Caps: The administration stepped in to limit OpenAI's GPT-5.6 release, gating immediate access to just two dozen vetted partners
- **Consequences**
 - The 5% Equity Proposal: OpenAI has initiated talks to offer a 5% equity stake directly to the US Government to ease political pressure
 - Distorting Private Enterprise: Introducing government ownership inside key private firms threatens to shift corporate success from technical merit to lobbying influence in Washington

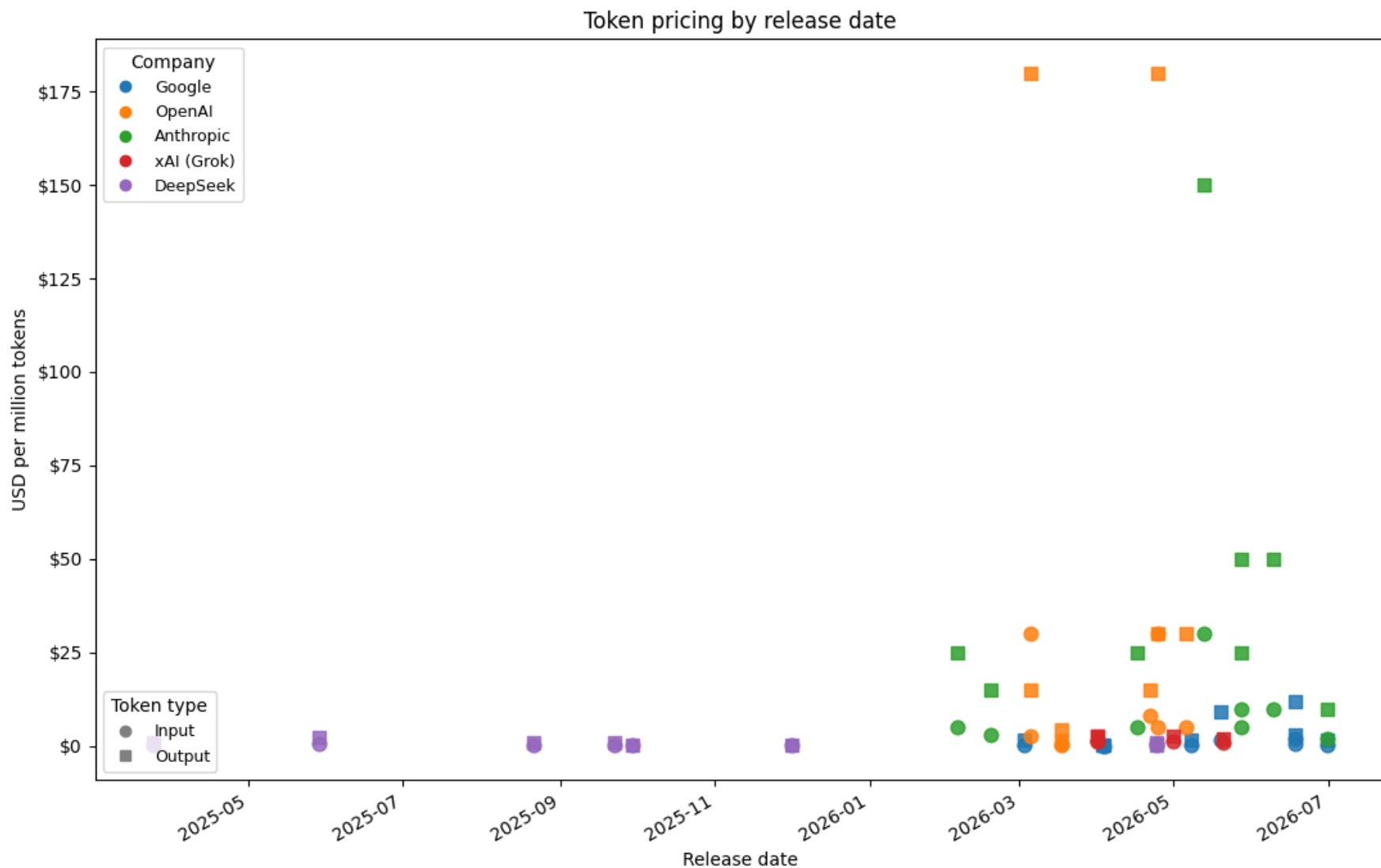
- **Distinct from the Dot-Com Era**

- **Unprecedented Capex:** Unlike past fast growing tech companies, frontier AI companies require hundreds of billions of dollars annually in infrastructure, computing power, and energy expenses.
- **Public Market Liquidity:** To sustain these massive cash requirements, key private giants (like OpenAI and Anthropic) are actively preparing for public listings. SpaceX's recent IPO is also related – it needed the money to fund its AI segment
- **Inflation:** Unlike past productivity technologies, current AI technology is currently an inflationary force. AI spending has bid up the price of electricity and advanced memory chips

Top 5 hyperscalers capex, USD bn

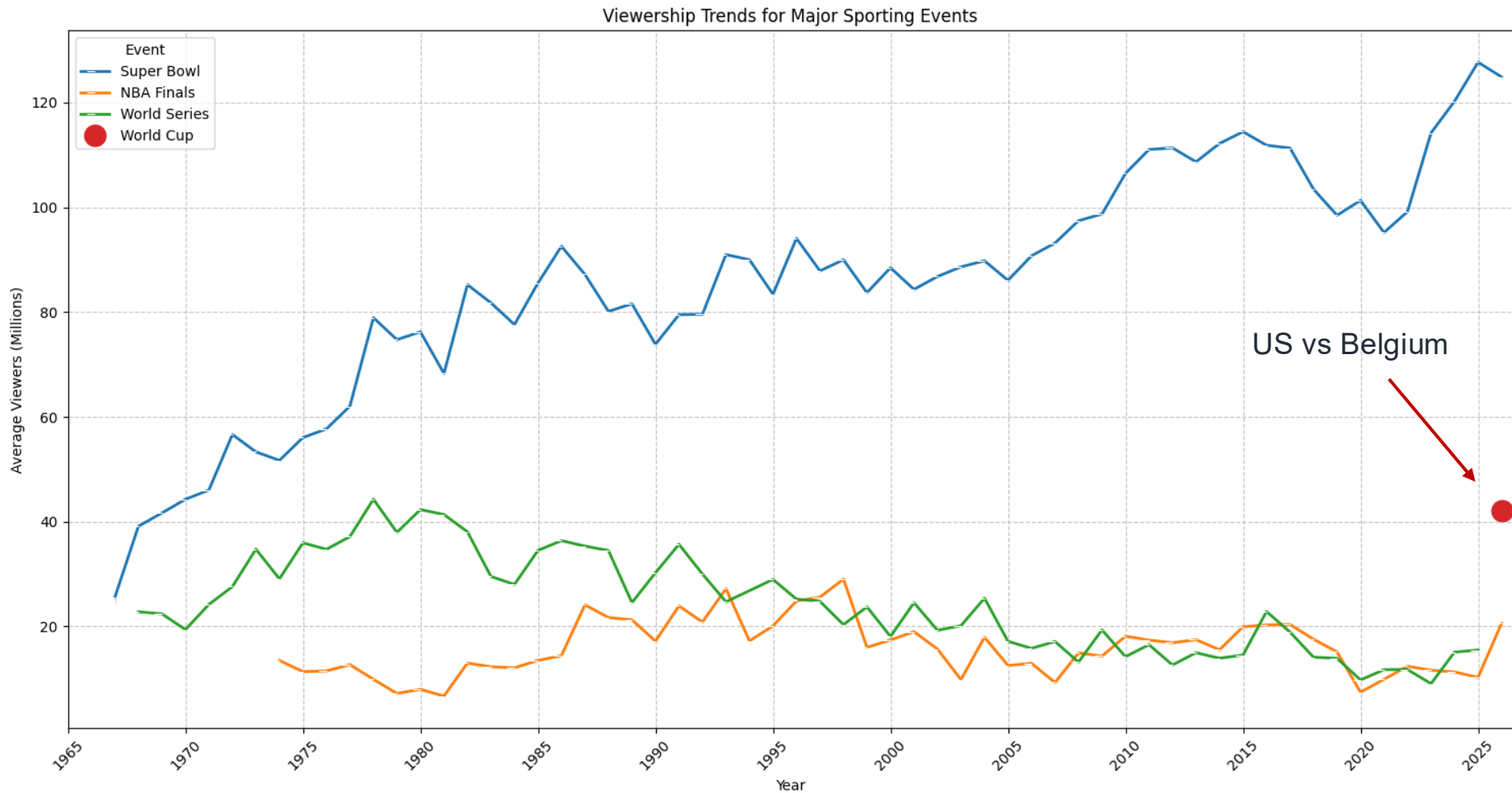


Sources: [Capital Market Strategies](#) |



Current Happenings

Sports Viewership in the United States



Source: Wikipedia

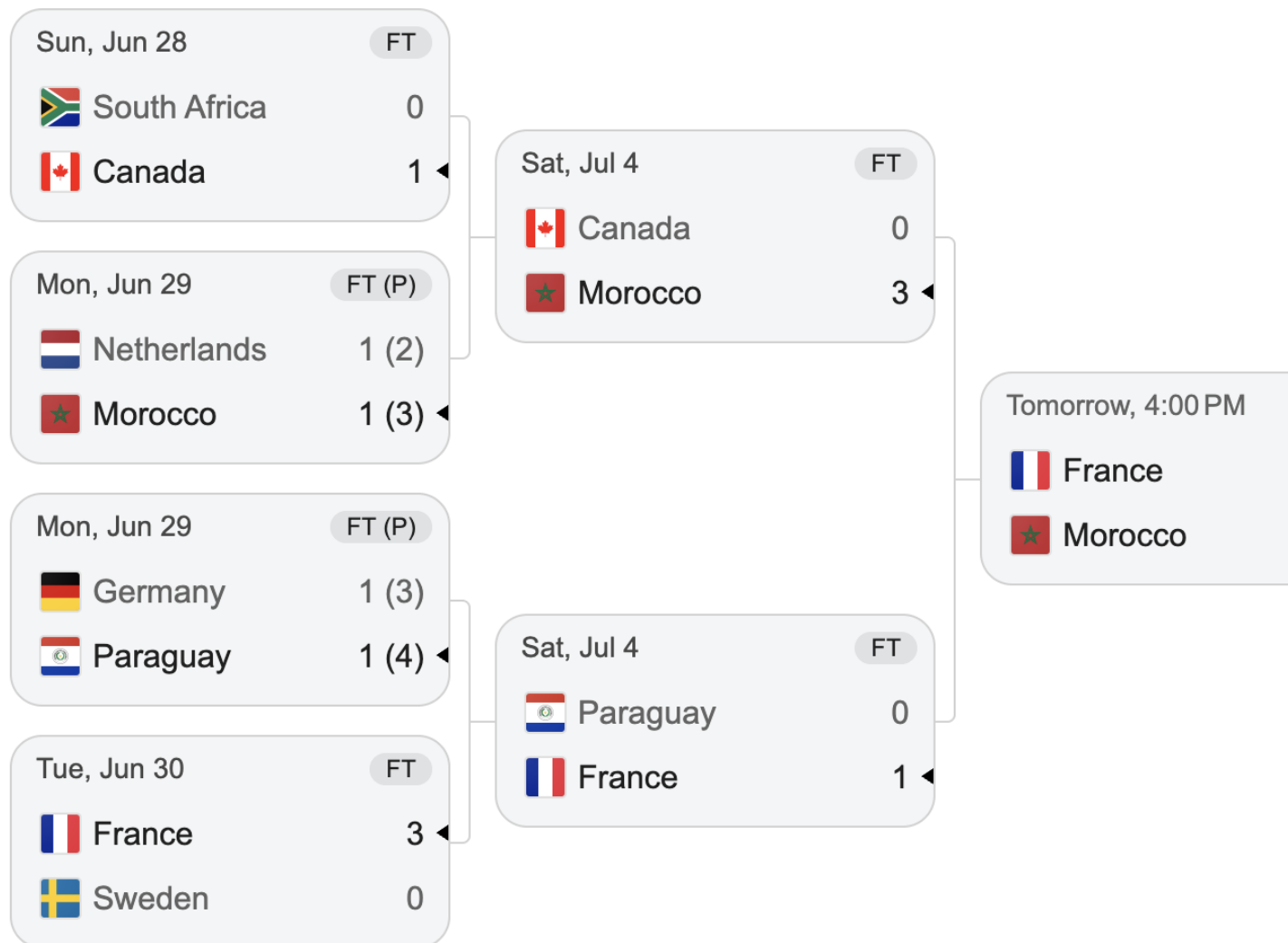
World Cup Top Bracket

RS

Round of 32

Round of 16

Quarter-finals



World Cup Top Bracket (cont)

RS

Round of 32

Wed, Jul 1 FT

 Belgium 3

 Senegal 2

Wed, Jul 1 FT

 USA 2

 Bosnia and Herze... 0

Thu, Jul 2 FT

 Spain 3

 Austria 0

Thu, Jul 2 FT

 Portugal 2

 Croatia 1

Round of 16

Mon, Jul 6 FT

 USA 1

 Belgium 4

Mon, Jul 6 FT

 Portugal 0

 Spain 1

Quarter-finals

Fri, Jul 10, 3:00 PM

 Spain

 Belgium

World Cup Bottom Bracket

RS

Round of 32

Mon, Jun 29

FT



Brazil

2



Japan

1

Tue, Jun 30

FT



Côte d'Ivoire

1



Norway

2

Tue, Jun 30

FT



Mexico

2



Ecuador

0

Wed, Jul 1

FT



England

2



DR Congo

1

Round of 16

Sun, Jul 5

FT



Brazil

1



Norway

2

Sun, Jul 5

FT



Mexico

2



England

3

Quarter-finals

Sat, Jul 11, 5:00 PM



Norway



England

World Cup Bottom Bracket

RS

Round of 32

Thu, Jul 2

FT



Switzerland

2



Algeria

0

Fri, Jul 3

FT



Colombia

1



Ghana

0

Fri, Jul 3

FT (P)



Australia

1 (2)



Egypt

1 (4)

Fri, Jul 3

FT



Argentina

3



Cabo Verde

2

Round of 16

Yesterday

FT (P)



Switzerland

0 (4)



Colombia

0 (3)

Yesterday

FT



Argentina

3



Egypt

2

Quarter-finals

Sat, Jul 11, 9:00 PM



Argentina

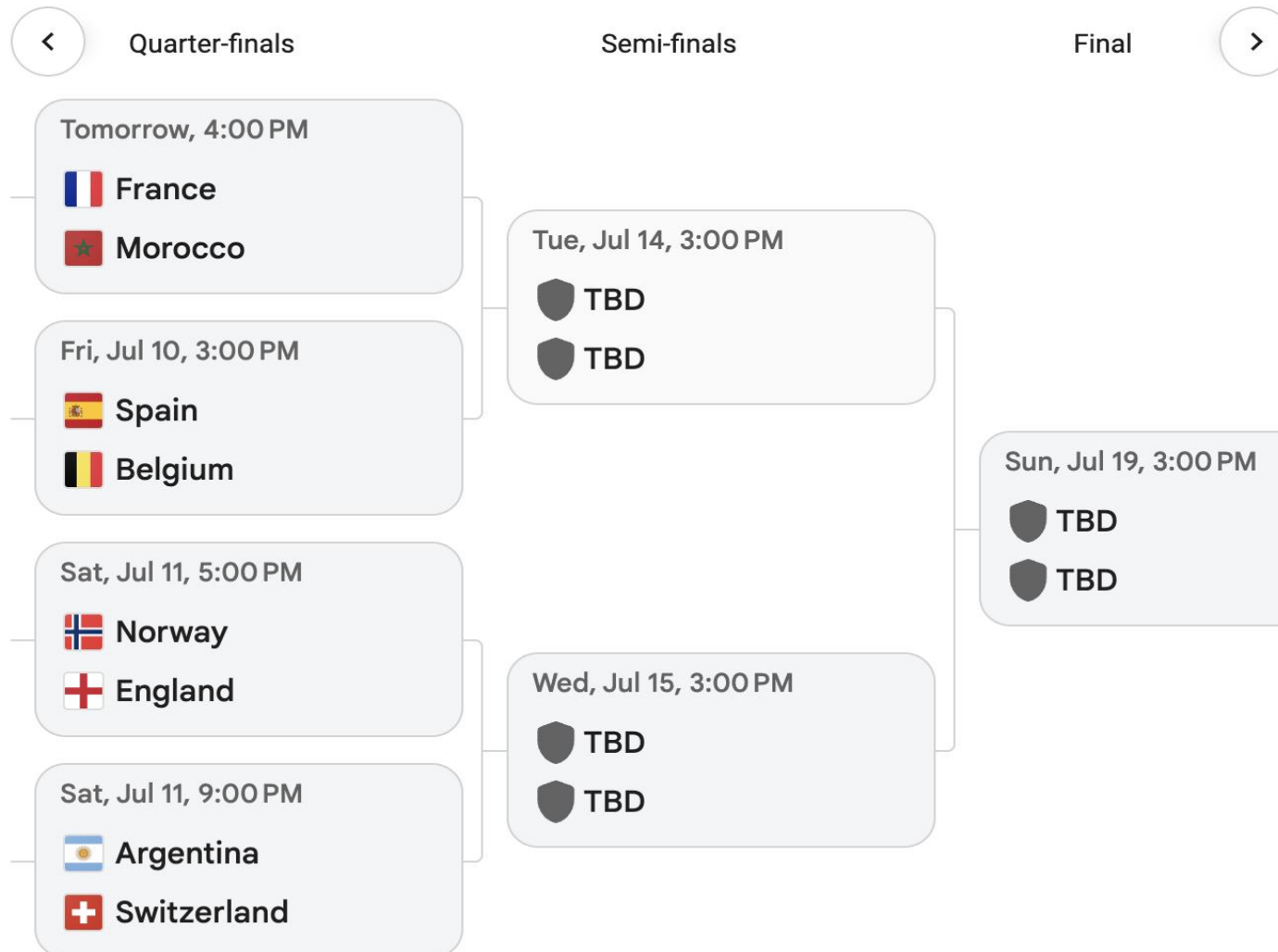


Switzerland

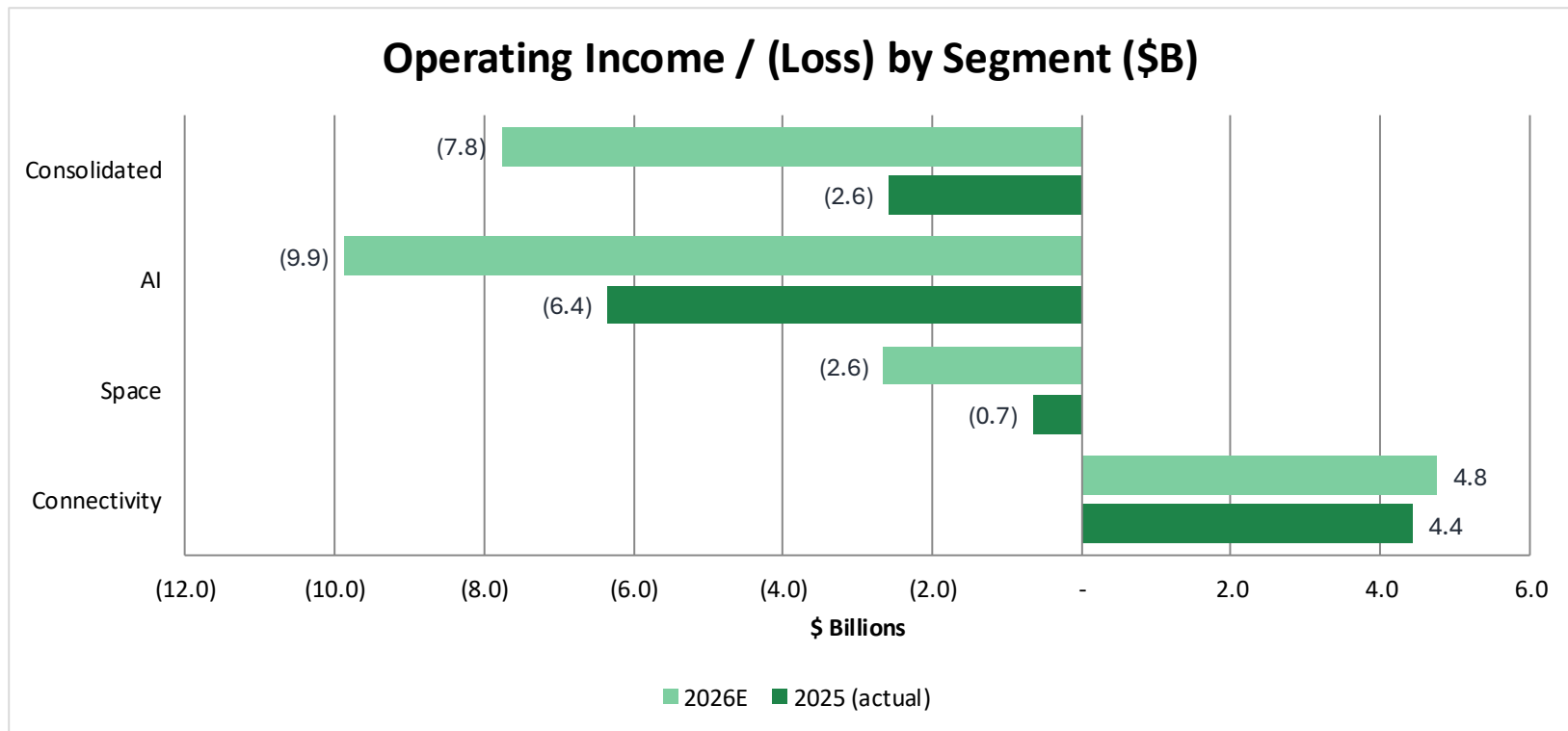
World Cup Quarter-finals

RS

Some people believe football is a matter of life and death, I am very disappointed with that attitude. I can assure you it is much, much more important than that – Bill Shankly



- SpaceX trades at around **100x Sales** although it has not yet turned a profit
- SpaceX's newest segment xAI and Grok have steep competition
- SpaceX has been included in the Nasdaq-100 and Russell 1000 which create nonprice sensitive demand



Enterprise Value to Sales

RS

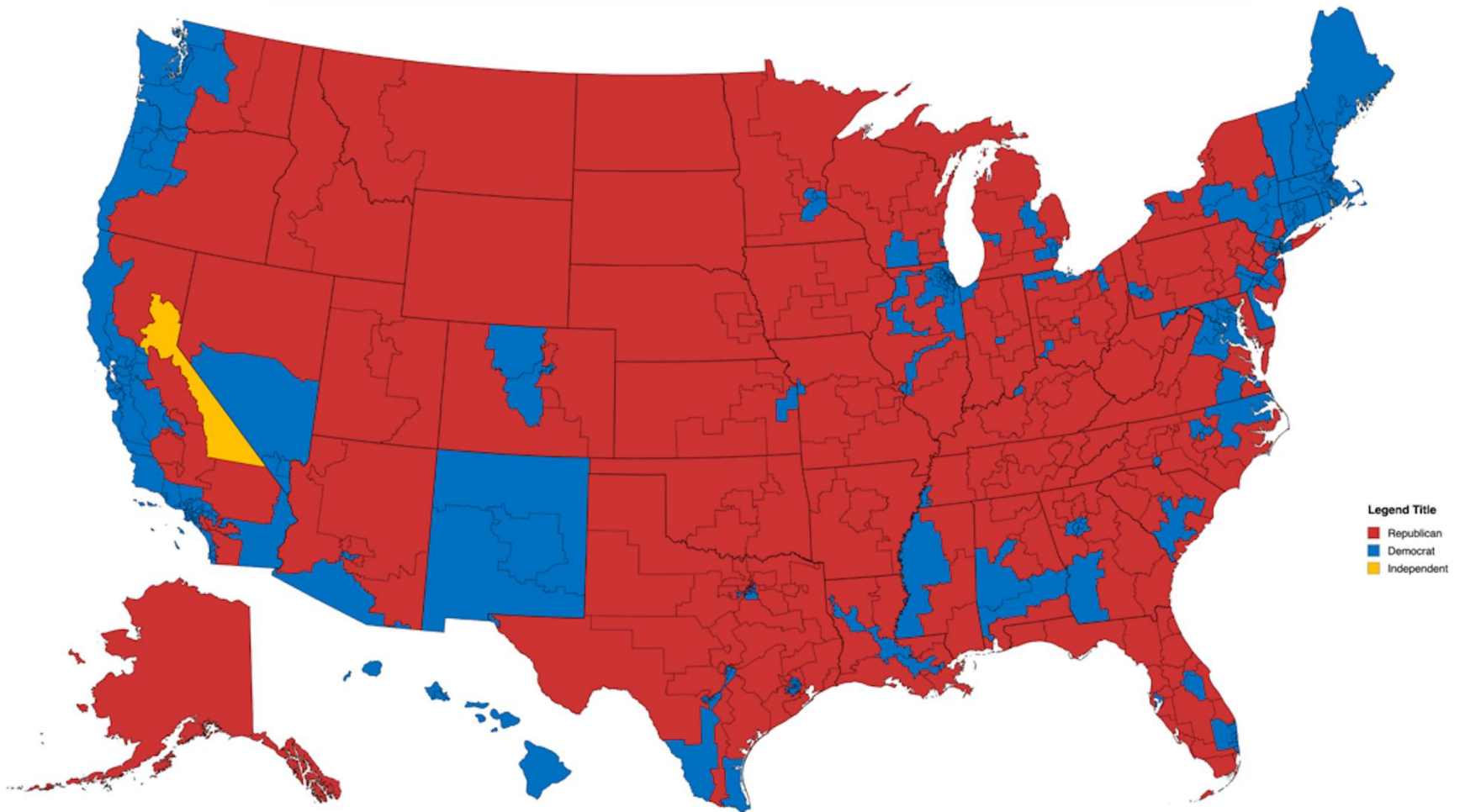


Source: Bloomberg Finance

Current U.S. House of Representatives

RS

218 Republicans | 212 Democrats | 1 Independent

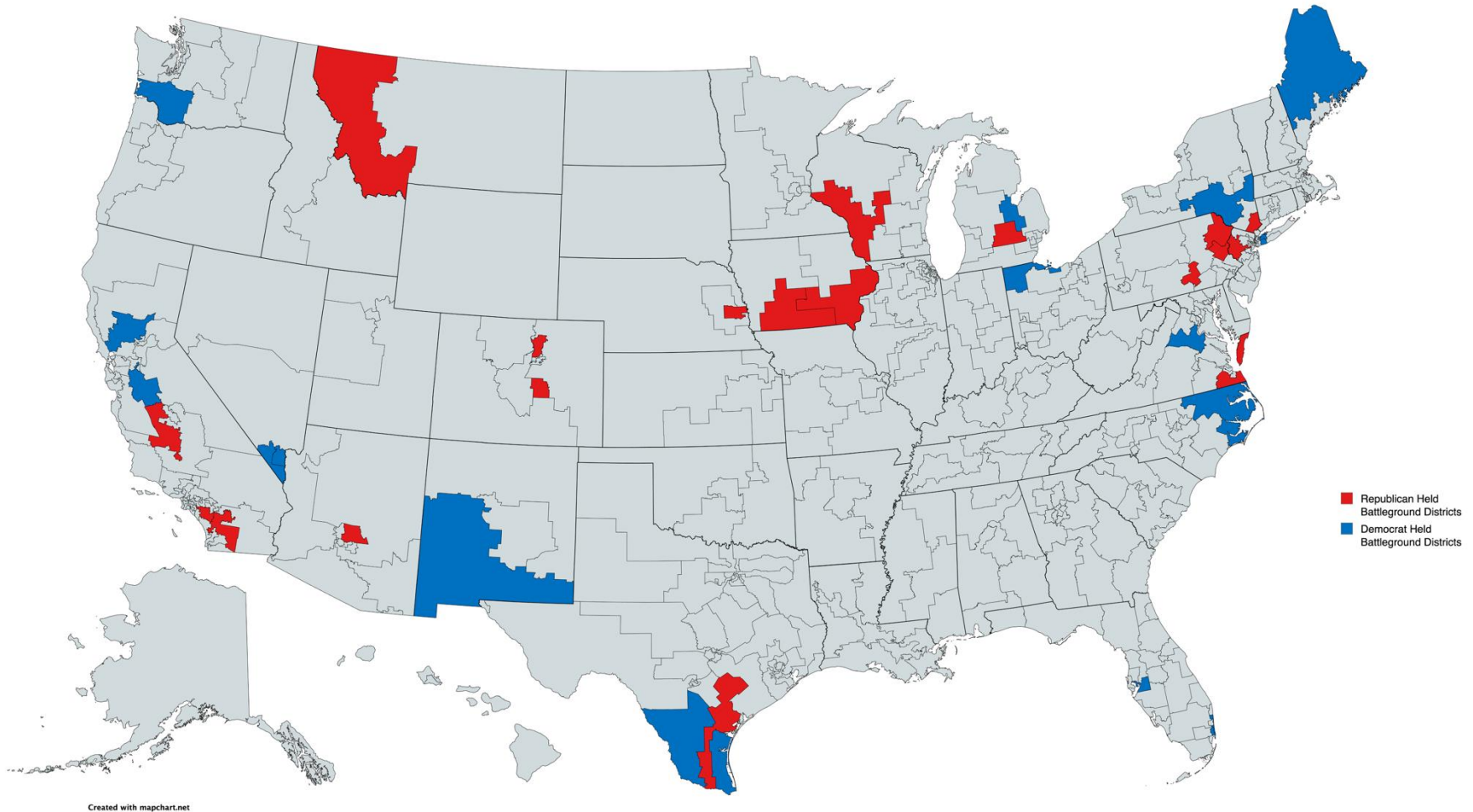


Created with mapchart.net

43 Battleground Districts

RS

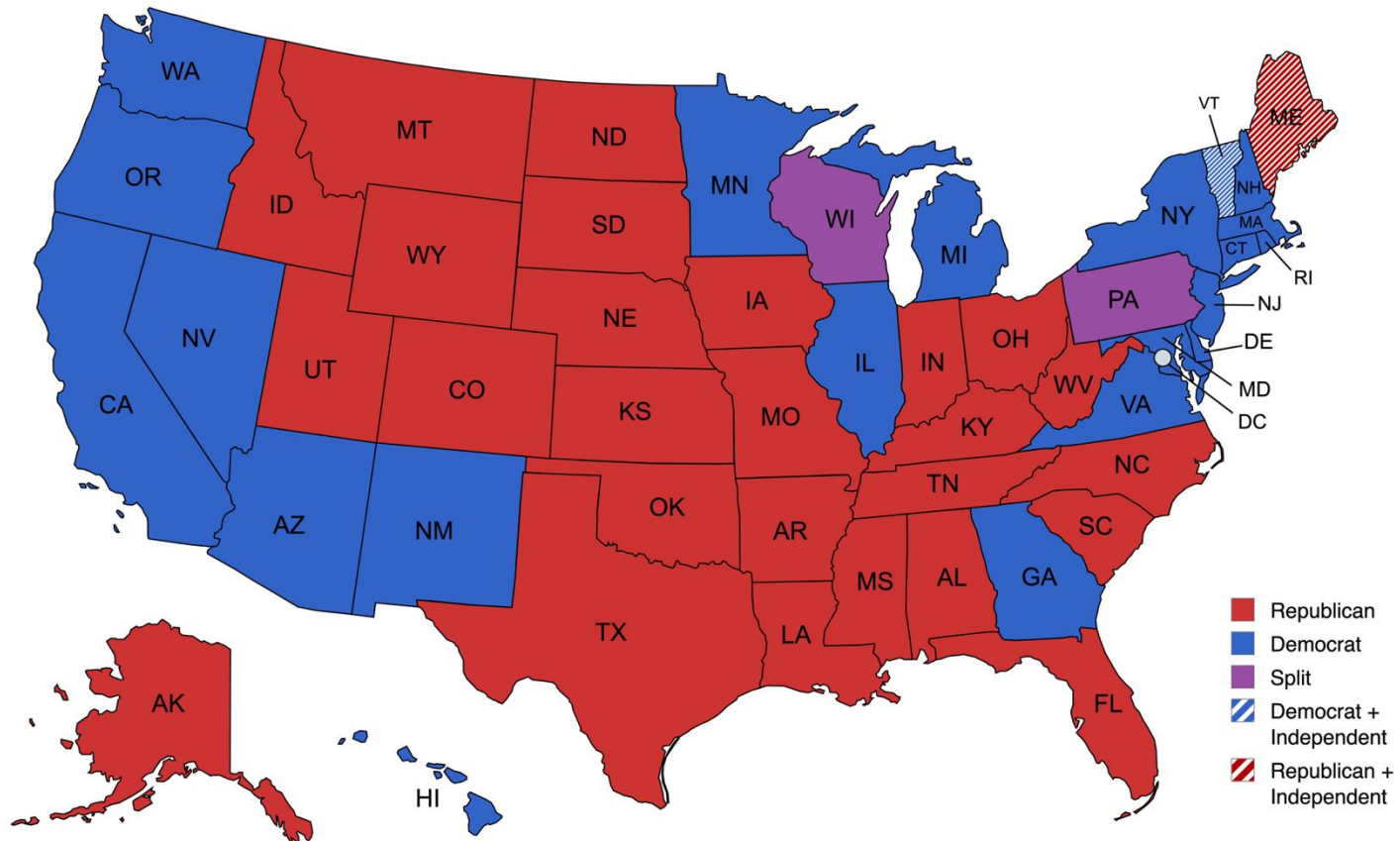
20 Republicans | 23 Democrats



Current Senate Map

RS

53 Republicans | 45 Democrats | 2 Independents



Created with mapchart.net

Sources: [Congress.gov](https://www.congress.gov)

RS

The map displays the following distribution of electoral college votes by state color:

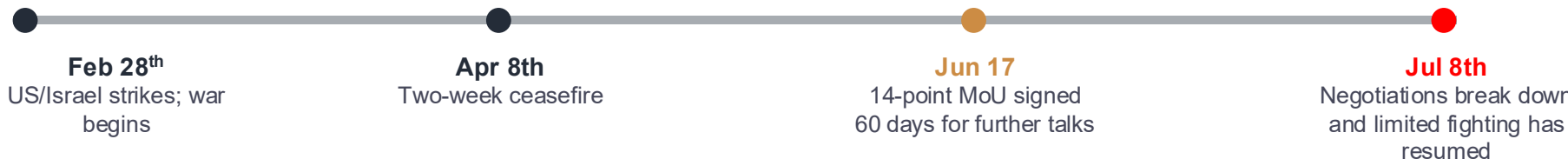
- Red (Republican Held Battleground):** AK, MT, NE, IA, TX, NC, FL, ME.
- Blue (Democrat Held Battleground):** NH, MI, OH, GA.
- Gray (Not Battleground):** WA, OR, ID, WY, ND, SD, MN, WI, IL, IN, KY, TN, MS, AL, LA, NM, CO, UT, NV, CA, AZ, NV, UT, CO, KS, MO, WV, VA, PA, NY, CT, MA, RI, NJ, DE, MD, DC, VT, HI.

49

- **House**
 - Opposition party historically wins house in off-year election cycles
 - Democrats are up around **6 points** in generic Congressional ballot currently
- **Senate**
 - Democrats have a tougher road to winning Senate. Although the Republicans are defending many more seats – Republicans are generally favored in those seats
- **Infighting**
 - Democrats are not putting best foot forward – **Graham Platner** in Maine
 - Democratic Socialists of America – contentious primaries in New York and Colorado
 - Claire Valdez, Darializa Avila Chevalier, Brad Lander, and Melat Kiros
- **Final Verdict**
 - Democrats win the House and the Senate is a toss up
 - Democrats are unlikely to reach a veto-proof majority in either chamber, so we do not expect the midterms to produce major changes to taxes, tariffs, or spending
 - Democratic control of house will increase the likelihood of government shutdowns

Fragile ceasefire has broken down

- **60-day ceasefire under a June 17 Memorandum of Understanding** — a framework for talks, not a final deal
- Indirect talks were ongoing in Doha (mediated by Qatar, Pakistan, Oman) — described as early and unresolved
- **Credibility gap:** the two sides give contradictory accounts of what was agreed (particularly on control of strait) — stated commitments are not reliable
- **Fighting:** Negotiations have halted again and the shooting has restarted.
 - Iranians have been attacking commercial ships crossing the Southern route during the ceasefire
 - U.S. has retaliated with airstrikes against Iranian military sites
 - Trump has declared negotiations over for now



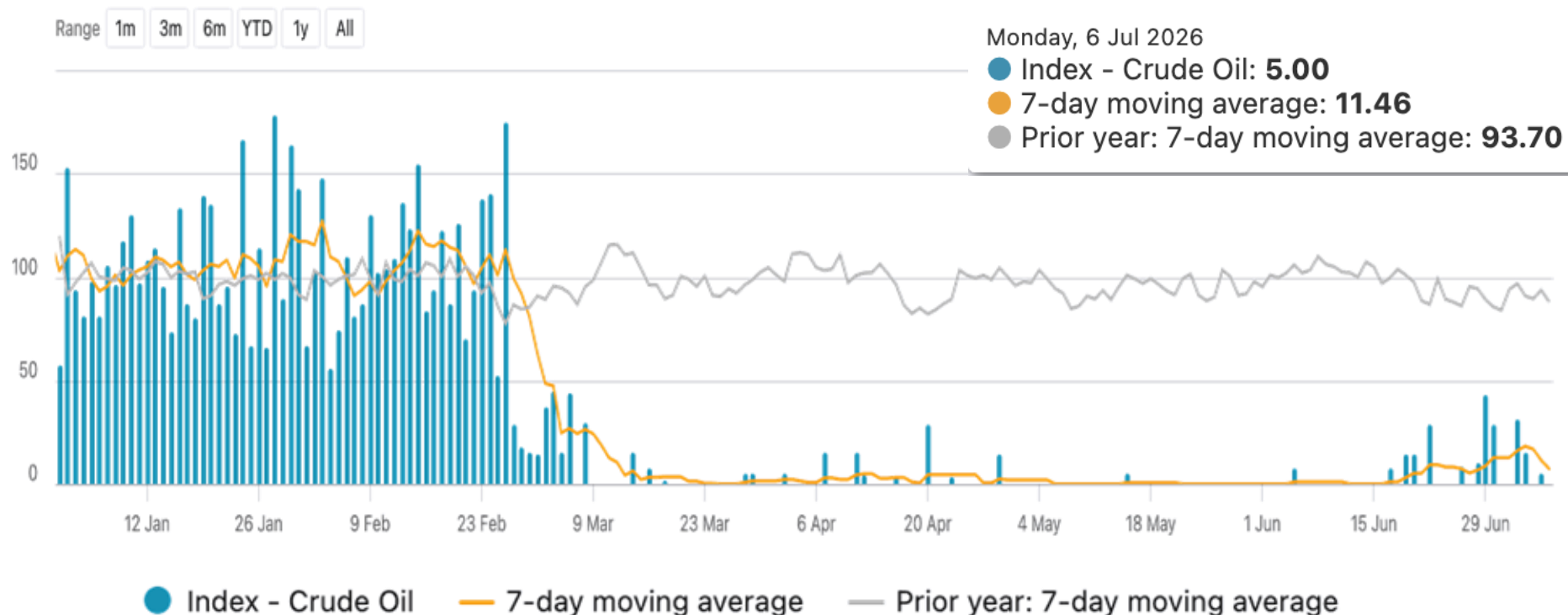
Iran: Where Things Stand (cont.)

RS

- Oil futures prices are currently around \$72/barrel, but physical transportation remains choked

Crude Oil Outbound Shipments through the Strait of Hormuz to Destinations outside the Persian Gulf (AIS-Traceable Vessels Only)

Index, by volume, 2025 average = 100



- **Human Cost**

- Russia has suffered nearly 1.4 million casualties (450,000 deaths) since the full-scale invasion in February 2022
- In 2026 the Russian-Ukrainian casualty ratio has risen to 8:1 and current casualties exceed monthly recruitment (30,000 v 27,000)

- **Status Quo**

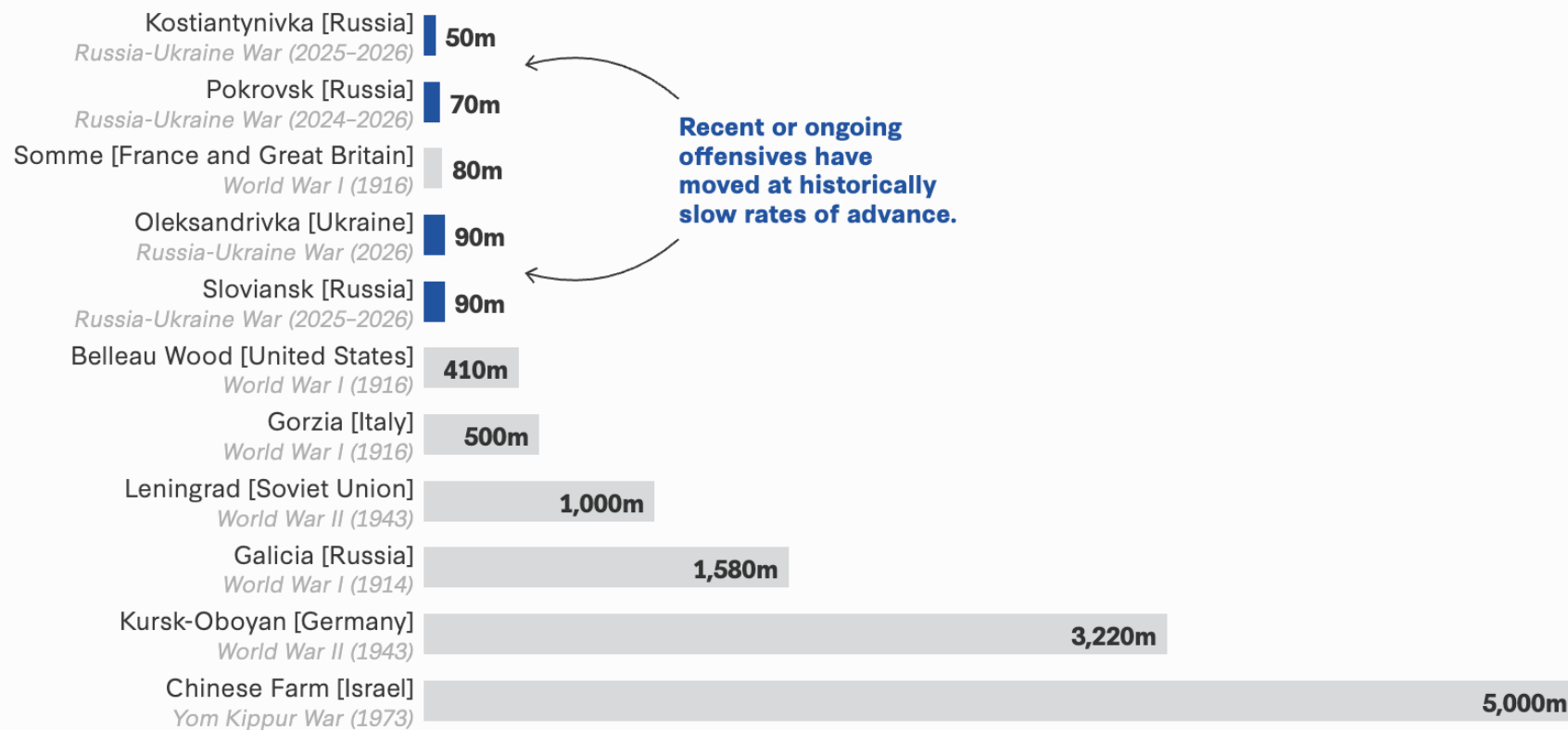
- The modern battlefield favors the defense-exposed infantry and armored vehicles are acutely vulnerable to drones. Neither side can shift the frontlines

- **Economic Strain**

- Ukraine has shifted to increasing drone attacks on oil and gas infrastructure outside of active theatres to cause gas shortages in parts of Russia and occupied Ukraine
- Russia's economy is under strain:
 - Central bank's interest rate is **14.3%**
 - Inflation is **5.3%**
- Russian military spending is sucking resources out of civilian sectors



Figure 5: Average Daily Rates (Meters Per Day) of Advance for Selected Offensives, 1914–2026



Source: CSIS analysis from various sources. See Appendix (Table A.2) for more details.

Boston Office

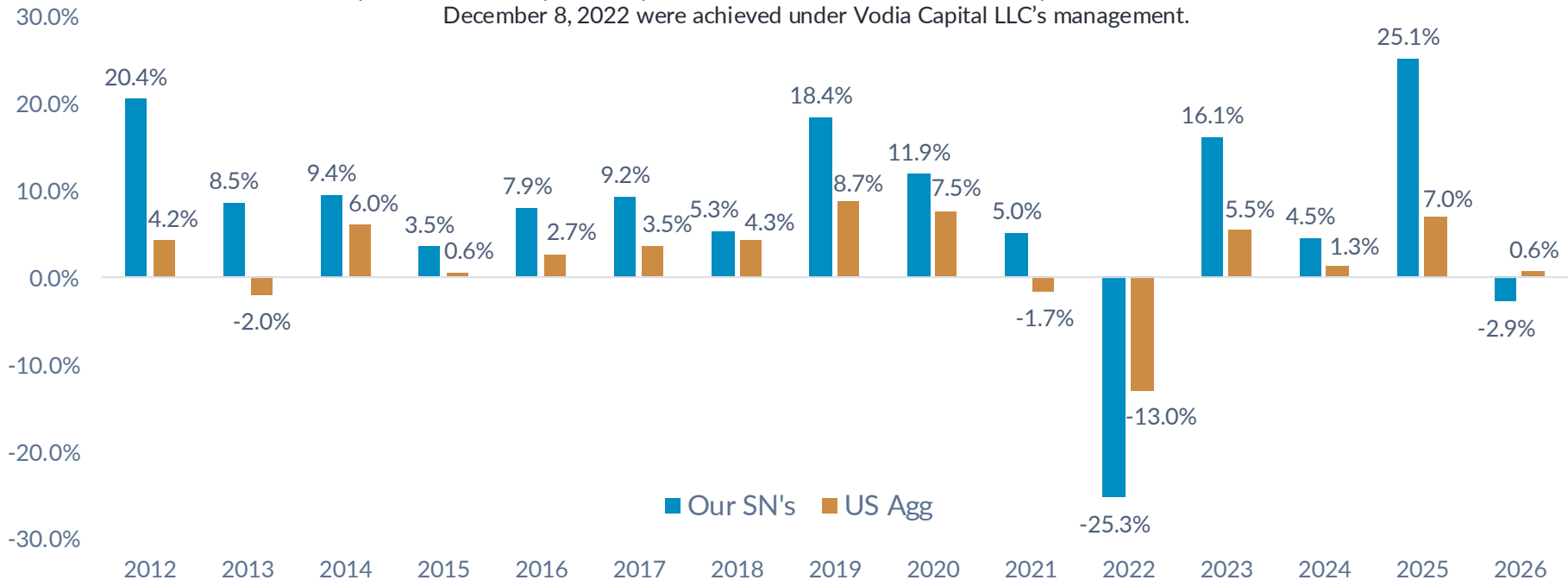
- Avandra
 - Company is performing well and expanding data business. Addition debt already places. Next board meeting in July
- HCG Digital Finance (no changes, on track)
 - Digital Finance restructuring is complete. V26 started in January 2026 (QP only), series fund
 - Should increase yield by roughly 400-600 bps going forward, targeting 9% minimum net of fees
 - Fixed term fund with two-year payback of 90% of commitment
- HCG Digital Ventures
 - A secondary event for one of the portfolio companies impacts all three funds
 - Fund I saw a 1x increase in value
 - Funds II and III saw smaller but meaningful bumps in value
- Eastham
 - First close done on VII, will be open for at least three months. (Accredited Investors)
 - Target is mid-teens – below historical due to market movements.
- Dwight Terra
 - 1H subscriptions done. Further subscriptions on hold indefinitely
 - Doing well at a 14% run rate

Boston Office Structured Notes Annual Net Performance 2012-2026



	Trailing 12 Months	Annualized from 2021	Annualized from 2016
Structured Notes Portfolio – Net of Fees	6.4%	1.0%	4.9%
US Agg Bond	3.8%	0.1%	1.5%

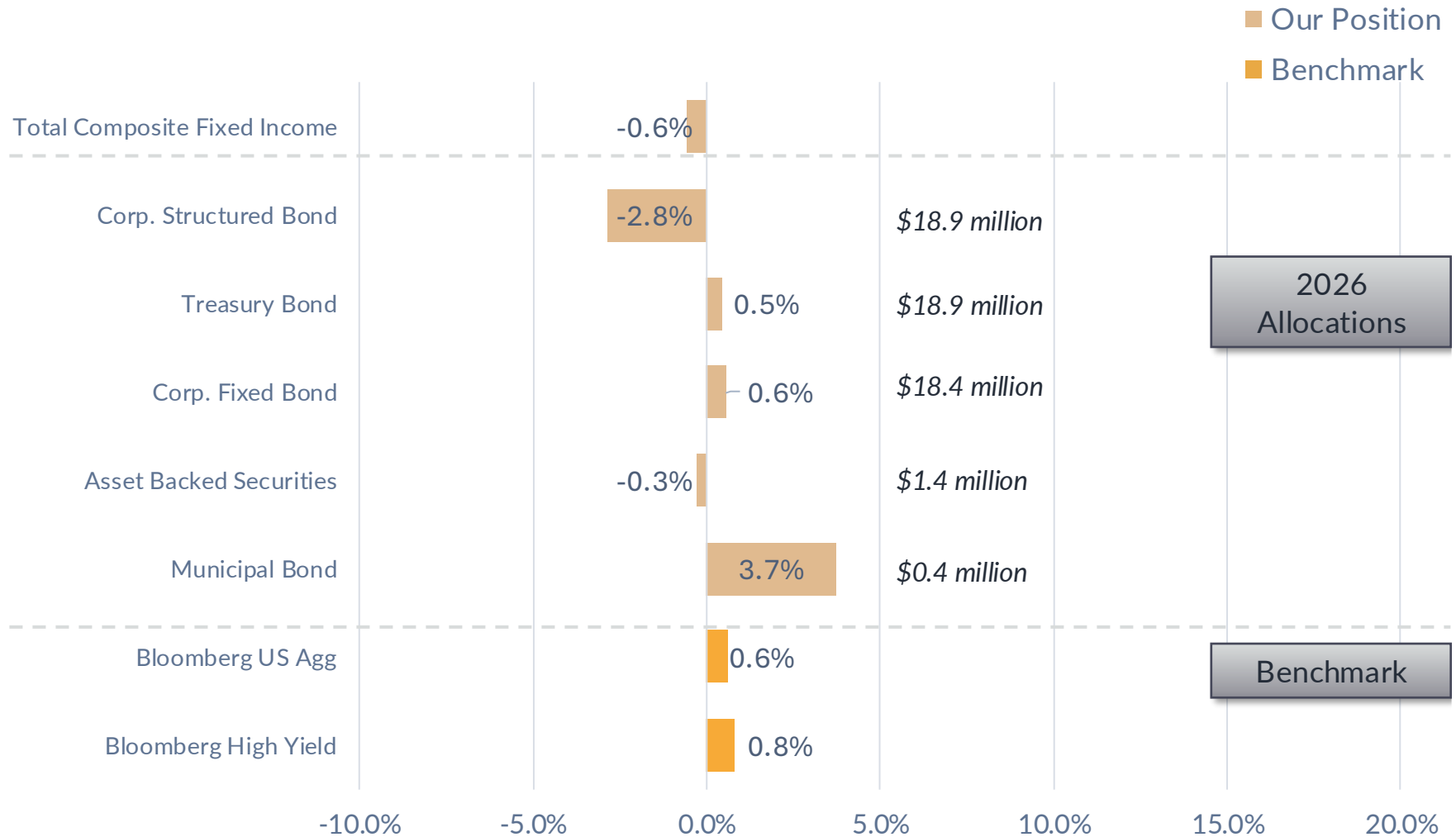
Q1 2023 represents first full quarter of performance achieved at Robertson Stephens. Performance on and before December 8, 2022 were achieved under Vodia Capital LLC's management.



Source: Structured notes annual performance from January 1, 2012 to June 30th, 2026, generated from Addepar and Orion Data Reporting Platform. US Agg and MSCI World Index Total Return Analysis from January 1, 2012 to June 30th, 2026 from Bloomberg Finance. Historical performance does not guarantee future returns. Boston Office Structured Notes represents a composite comprised of structured notes from multiple client portfolios that includes all the structured notes that the Boston Office recommended during the period shown. This composite performance is considered hypothetical and does not represent performance of an actual portfolio. Individual client performance will differ. Net returns presented include a hypothetical Robertson Stephens investment advisory fee of 1.05%. Actual client fee will vary based on the rate agreed upon with the client as documented in the individual client investment advisory agreement. Please see Disclosures page for important information regarding the risks and assumptions underlying hypothetical returns.

Boston Office Fixed Income Returns 2026 Net

RS

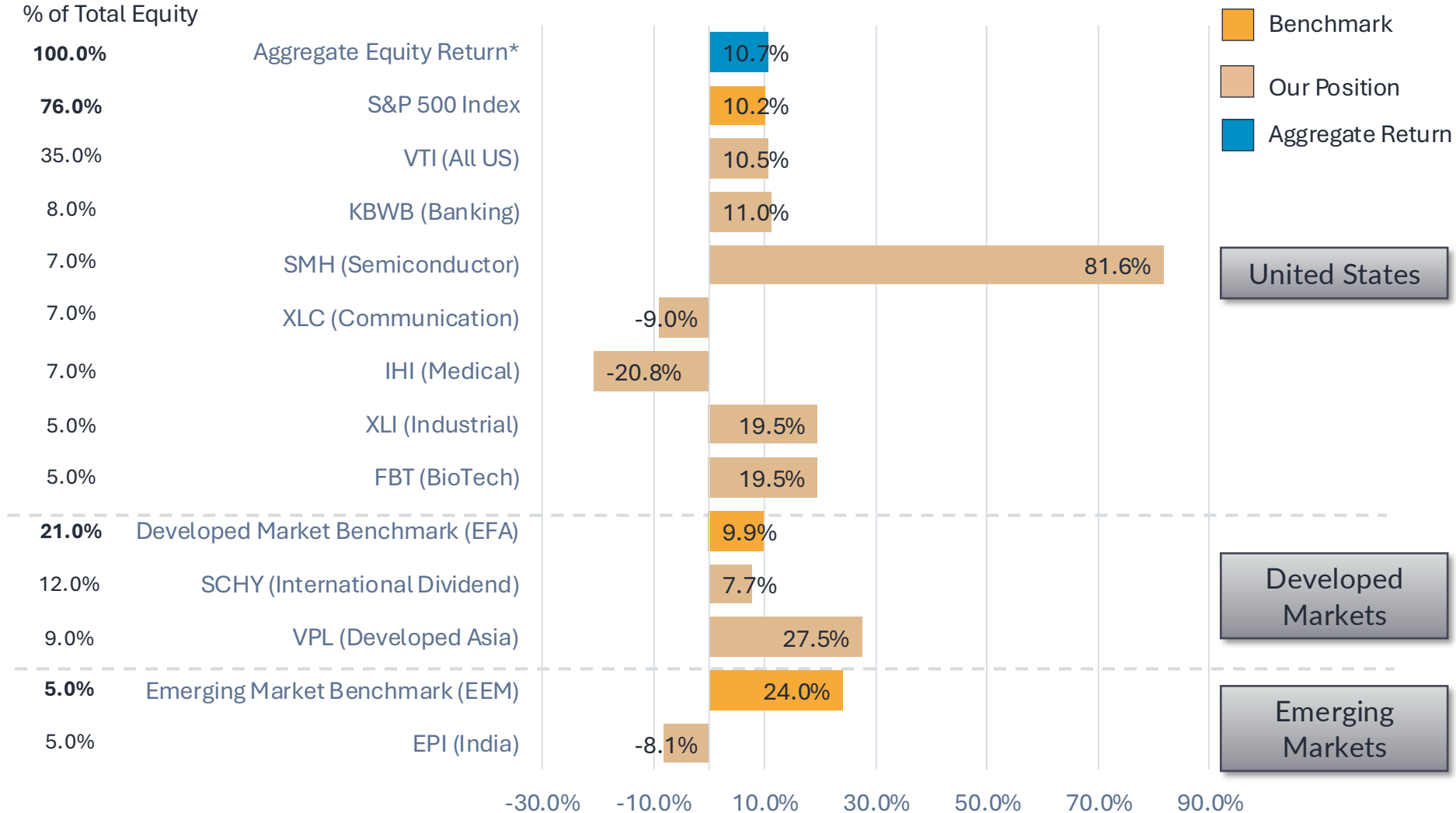


Source: Historical performance does not guarantee future returns. Net performance includes a hypothetical Robertson Stephens investment advisory fee of 1.05%. Actual client fee will vary based on the rate agreed upon with the client as documented in the individual client investment advisory agreement. Fixed income composite returns are hypothetical and do not represent returns of any actual client portfolio. See Disclosures for important information regarding the risks and assumptions underlying hypothetical returns.

Source: Bloomberg Finance, Addepar Portfolio Accounting, Fixed Income Performance, December 31, 2025 to June 30th 2026.

Boston Office Balanced Model ETFs and Respective Net Performance 2026

% of Total Equity



* Aggregate Equity Return is hypothetical and does not reflect performance of an actual portfolio of investments.

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Source: Bloomberg Finance, December 31, 2025 to June 30th, 2026

Disclosures

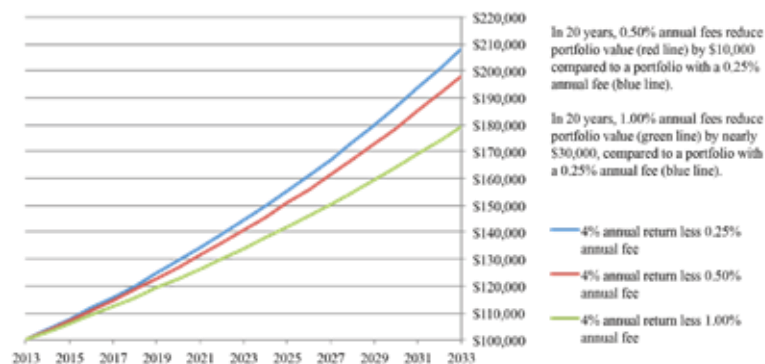


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Net returns include a hypothetical Robertson Stephens annual investment advisory fee. Actual client fee will vary based on the rate agreed upon with the client as documented in the individual client investment advisory agreement. Fees act to reduce portfolio level returns and increase portfolio expenses. See the chart to the right for a visual illustration of the effect of advisory fees on investment returns over time.

Performance may be compared to several indices. Broad-based securities indices are unmanaged and are not subject to fees and expenses typically associated with managed accounts or investment funds. The number and types of securities found in an index can differ greatly from that of the accounts held in the strategy shown. The benchmarks/indices are chosen based on similar risk between the benchmark and the respective investments. The benchmarks have not been selected to represent that an investor's performance would follow them closely, but rather to allow for comparison of an investor's performance to that of well-known and widely recognized indices. Investments cannot be made directly in an index.

Hypothetical growth of \$100,000 to show the effect of advisory fees on investment returns over time



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Monte Carlo Simulation is a risk and decision analysis technique used to evaluate the outcome of portfolios over time using a large number of simulated variables to generate possible future returns. The projections or other information generated by Monte Carlo Simulations regarding the likelihood of various investment outcomes are hypothetical in nature, do not reflect actual investment results and are not guarantees of future results. An investment cannot be made directly into a Monte Carlo Simulation. There are limitations in using a Monte Carlo simulation, including the analysis is only as good as the assumptions, and despite modeling for a range of uncertainties in the future, it does not eliminate uncertainty.

All investments involve risk, including the possible loss of principal amount invested. Some important risks of an investment are: market risk: the market value of shares of common stock can change rapidly and unpredictably and have the potential for loss; company risk: equity securities represent ownership positions in companies. Over time, the market value of a common stock should reflect the success or failure of the company issuing the stock; financial services risk: investing a significant portion of assets in the financial services sector may cause a fund to be more volatile as securities within the financial services sector are more prone to regulatory action in the financial services industry, more sensitive to interest rate fluctuations, and are the target of increased competition; fees and expenses risk: fees and expenses reduce the return which a shareholder may earn by investing in a fund; under \$10 billion market capitalization risk: small- and mid-size companies typically have more limited product lines, markets and financial resources than larger companies, and their securities may trade less frequently and in more limited volume than those of larger, more mature companies; foreign country risk: foreign companies may be subject to greater risk as foreign economies may not be as strong or diversified, foreign political systems may not be as stable, and foreign financial reporting standards may not be as rigorous as they are in the United States; and emerging market risk: the fund invests in emerging or developing markets. Securities of issuers in emerging and developing markets may offer special investment opportunities, but present risks not found in more mature markets. Please see the prospectus for a complete listing and a description of the principal risks of each underlying fund.

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Thank You

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